



**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

ABN 93 103 011 436

**ANNUAL REPORT**

**31 March 2022**

**ASX: MIO – TSXV: MMS**

**All amounts are in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated**

## Annual Report - Year ended 31 March 2022

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# Chairman's Letter

Dear Fellow Shareholders,

Over the last 12 months, the Company has made excellent progress, as we continue the journey to become one of Australia's next big iron ore producers.

Notwithstanding the challenging market conditions at that time, we have successfully completed the spin out of the Company's Pilbara gold, copper and lithium tenements (Pilbara Assets) where the Company's wholly owned subsidiary Macarthur Lithium Pty Ltd, which holds the Company's Pilbara Assets was converted to a public company and renamed Infinity Mining Limited, undertook an initial public offering (IPO) and admitted to the Official list of ASX on 20 December 2021 and commenced trading under ticker IMI on 22 December 2021.

In the first quarter of 2022, the Company delivered a maiden Ore Reserve and completed the Feasibility Study for its high-grade magnetite Lake Giles Iron Project to which the Feasibility Study confirms an economically viable project, producing 3 million tonnes per annum (dry basis) of high-grade magnetite concentrate over a 25-year mine life.

With the completion of the study process, Macarthur conducted a private placement of A\$7.5 million with institutional and sophisticated investors. The proceeds from the offering will be used for working capital purposes and post feasibility study optimisation work as the Company moves into the delivery and financing phase.

As the Company continues to focus on core fundamentals and project delivery, we look forward to sharing the Company's progress with you and I would like to thank our shareholders for their continued and valued support.

Yours faithfully



Cameron McCall  
Executive Chairman



# Corporate Directory

## Stock Exchange Listing

Macarthur Minerals Limited (the “Company” or “Macarthur Minerals”) is an Australian public company and is quoted on the Official List of the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) (symbol: MMS), on the Australian Securities Exchange (“ASX”) (symbol: MIO) and on OTCQB Venture Market (“OTCQB”) (symbol: MMSDF). The Company is incorporated in Australia and registered in Queensland.

## Directors

Cameron McCall, Executive Chairman (Appointed on 13 May 2022)  
Alan Joseph (“Joe”) Phillips, CEO (Appointed on 13 May 2022) and Managing Director

Alan Phillips, Non-Executive Director  
Andrew Suckling, Independent Director  
Daniel Lanskey, Independent Director (resigned 27 October 2021)

## Company Secretary

Mima Wirakara

## The Registered office and principal place of the business

Suite 1G, Building 1  
Kings Row Office Park  
40 McDougall Street  
MILTON QLD 4064  
Australia

Telephone: +61 7 3221 1796  
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Email: [communications@macarthurminerals.com](mailto:communications@macarthurminerals.com)  
Website address: [www.macarthurminerals.com](http://www.macarthurminerals.com)

## Corporate Governance Statement

<https://macarthurminerals.com/about/corporate-governance/>

## Canadian Share Registry

Computershare Investor Services Inc.  
510 Burrard St, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor  
Vancouver, BC V6C 3B9  
Canada

Website address: [www.computershare.com](http://www.computershare.com)

## Australian Share Registry

Computershare Investor Services Inc.  
117 Victoria St, West End  
Brisbane, QLD 4101  
Australia

Website address: [www.computershare.com.au](http://www.computershare.com.au)

## Auditors

RSM Australia Pty Ltd  
Oracle Tower, Level 6,  
340 Adelaide St, Brisbane QLD 4000

Telephone: +61 7 3225 7800  
Fax: +61 7 3225 7880

Website address: [www.rsm.global/australia/](http://www.rsm.global/australia/)



# Report on Operations

## WESTERN AUSTRALIAN IRON ORE PROJECTS

### Lake Giles Projects

Macarthur Minerals' Lake Giles Iron Ore Projects ("Lake Giles Projects") are located on mining tenements covering approximately 62 km<sup>2</sup>, 175 kilometres ("km") northwest of Kalgoorlie in Western Australia. Within the tenements, at least 33 km strike extent of outcropping banded iron formation ("BIF") occurs as low ridges, surrounded by intensely weathered and mostly unexposed granites, basalts and ultramafic rocks.

The Lake Giles Projects are situated in the Yilgarn Region of Western Australia. The Yilgarn Region is host to many significant mineral deposits that have been, or are being, mined for iron ore. The tenements cover the Yilgarn greenstone belt which is some 80 km in length and lies within the Southern Cross Province of the Yilgarn. The Lake Giles Projects are approximately 90 km from the existing Perth Kalgoorlie Railway that has a direct connection to the Port of Esperance in Western Australia, where it is intended that ore from the Projects will be shipped. Export is subject to available capacity, which is not certain. The Lake Giles Projects (comprising the Moonshine Magnetite Project and the Ularring Hematite Project) is located approximately 450 km east north-east of the coastal city of Perth, Western Australia, and approximately 115 km west of the town of Menzies. Exploration at the Ularring Hematite and Moonshine Magnetite Projects has been sufficient to allow the estimation of Mineral Resources for both projects.

### Lake Giles Iron Project

On 12 August 2020 Macarthur Minerals released an updated Mineral Resource estimate for the Lake Giles Magnetite Project<sup>1</sup>. The Mineral Resource estimates includes Measured Resources of approximately 53.9 Mt @ 30.8% Fe, Indicated Resources of 218.7 Mt @ 27.5% Fe and Inferred Resources of 997.0 Mt @ 28.4% Fe.

The resource formed the basis of a Feasibility Study that was released to the market on 11 April 2022. The feasibility study was based on a 3 Mtpa magnetite operation incorporating the Moonshine and Moonshine North magnetite deposits. The Feasibility Study confirms the commercial viability of the Project to produce 3 Mtpa (dry basis) of high-grade magnetite concentrate over a long mine life of 25 years from Proven and Probable Ore Reserves. The key production and financial outcomes are presented in the following table 1<sup>2</sup>.

**Table 1. Lake Giles Iron Project – Feasibility Study Production and Financials Summary**

<b>Production</b>			
Ore mined	236.6 Mt		
Waste mined	624.9 Mt		
Total mined	861.5 Mt		
Strip ratio	2.64		
Concentrate produced	74 Mt		
Concentrate iron grade	66.1		
Plant recovery	31%		
<b>Financials</b>		<b>AUDm</b>	<b>USDm</b>
Sales revenue	12,614		8,956
Operating Expenses	8,116		5,672
<b>Initial Capital Expenditure</b>			
Construction capex	801.1		568.8
Mining overburden pre-strip	61.6		43.8
Total initial capital	862.7		612.5
<b>Future Capital Expenditure</b>			
Sustaining capital	203		144.1
Deferred capital - Tailings	39.8		28.3

<sup>1</sup> Refer to the Company's news release dated August 12, 2020, titled "Moonshine Magnetite Resource Upgrade."

<sup>2</sup> Refer to the Company's news release dated March 21, 2022, titled "Positive Feasibility Study Results for Lake Giles Iron Project."

Capitalised non-operational waste mining	355.7	252.5
Total future capital	598.0	424.6
<b>Closure Expenditure</b>		
Closure and rehabilitation	58.2	41.3
<b>Total Operating Cash Flows</b>	3,625	2574
<b>Taxes &amp; Royalties</b>		
Tax paid	873	620
Royalties	631	435
<b>Valuation</b>	<b>AUDm</b>	<b>USDm</b>
NPV (6%) Pre-tax	816	579
NPV (6%) Post-tax	443	314
IRR Pre-tax	13.0%	-
IRR Post-tax	10.1%	-

The Feasibility Study published on 21 March 2022 underpins a maiden Ore Reserve of 237 million tonnes, supporting a 25-year mine life. The independent technical report, entitled “NI 43-101 Technical Report and Feasibility Study, Lake Giles Iron Project, Menzies, Western Australia” with an issue date of 11 April 2022 was prepared in accordance with the requirements of National Instrument 43-101 (“NI 43-101”) and released to the market on 11 April 2022<sup>3</sup>. The technical report is filed under the Company’s profile on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (“SEDAR”) website at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com) (filing date: 11 April 2022) and on the Company’s website at [www.macarthurminerals.com](http://www.macarthurminerals.com). The Mineral Reserves are presented in Table 2.

**Table 2. Mineral Reserves – Lake Giles Iron Project, Moonshine and Moonshine North, DTR >15%**

Category	Tonnes (Mt)	Head Grades (%)					Concentrate Grades (%)					
		Fe	SiO <sub>2</sub>	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	P	LOI	DTR	Fe	SiO <sub>2</sub>	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	P	LOI
<i>Moonshine</i>												
Proven	34.2	28.1	51.6	1.2	0.04	1.7	30.5	65.9	6.8	0.2	0.02	-0.6
Probable	166.4	27.2	51.9	1.4	0.05	1.4	30.7	66.6	6.2	0.1	0.02	0.0
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>200.6</b>	<b>27.4</b>	<b>51.9</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>30.6</b>	<b>66.5</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
<i>Moonshine Nth</i>												
Proven	17.8	35.4	35.4	2.2	0.06	4.2	34.3	66.5	5.0	0.3	0.03	-0.9
Probable	18.2	30.4	44.7	1.3	0.05	2.9	35.9	63.2	9.4	0.2	0.04	-0.3
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>32.9</b>	<b>40.1</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>35.1</b>	<b>64.8</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>-0.6</b>
<i>Combined</i>												
Proven	51.9	30.6	46.0	1.5	0.05	2.6	31.8	66.1	6.1	0.2	0.03	-0.7
Probable	184.7	27.6	51.2	1.4	0.05	1.5	31.2	66.2	6.6	0.1	0.02	-0.1
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>236.6</b>	<b>28.2</b>	<b>50.1</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>31.3</b>	<b>66.2</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>-0.2</b>

On 26 March 2021, the Company made application for two “water search miscellaneous licenses” for the purpose of exploring for groundwater to support magnetite processing for the Lake Giles Projects. The applications cover 533 km<sup>2</sup> of the Rebecca Palaeovalley up to 35 km east of the Project. Prior to these applications, the Company engaged CGG to undertake an aerial electromagnetic (“EM”) survey of the palaeochannels as announced on March 26, 2021. The survey data will be used to define groundwater drilling targets.

### Ularring Hematite Project

The Ularring Hematite Project’s Mineral Resources are comprised of Indicated Mineral Resources of approximately 54.5 Mt @ 47.2% Fe and approximately 26 Mt @ 45.4% Fe Inferred Resources. The Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by CSA Global on behalf of Macarthur Minerals (NI43-101 Technical Report, 2012<sup>4</sup>) and reported in accordance with the CIM Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Reserves 2014. The Company has received approval to develop an iron ore mine for the Ularring Hematite Project and associated infrastructure at the project location under the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* and the *Environmental and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*.

<sup>3</sup> Refer to the Company’s news release dated April 11, 2022, titled “Technical Report for Lake Giles iron Project Feasibility Study.”

<sup>4</sup> NI 43-101 Technical Report filed October 1, 2012, titled “NI 43-101 Technical Report, Macarthur Minerals Limited, Pre-Feasibility Study, Ularring Hematite Project, Western Australia.”

On 26 March 2021, the Company made application for two miscellaneous licences to support the development of a mining camp and crushing and screening operations near the Snark deposit of the Ularring Hematite Project<sup>5</sup>. During the reporting period the Company made a number of material advancements in its strategy to deliver early-revenue hematite operations. A summary is set out below. The Company continues to examine options for an early production opportunity for its Ularring Hematite Project at Lake Giles, subject to a return to a supportive iron ore pricing environment for an Ularring product.

#### **1) Mine Planning**

On 26 May 2021, the Company announced that it is advancing mine planning work to support intended hematite mining operations at Lake Giles in Western Australia. The Company has commenced work to prepare a mine plan for a direct shipment ore (DSO) product under a mining campaign which will initially target the Snark and Drabble Downs deposits of the Lake Giles Ularring Hematite Project. For this purpose, in June 2021 Macarthur made an application for a Miscellaneous Licence covering an area of 74 hectares adjacent to Snark DSO project to host non-process infrastructure<sup>6</sup>.

#### **2) Agreement with LAVO Hydrogen Technology Holding Pty Ltd**

On 1 June 2021 Macarthur announced that it has signed a Strategic Partnership and Collaboration Agreement (“Agreement”) with LAVO Hydrogen Technology Holding Pty Ltd (“LAVO”) to investigate the facilitation of a staged technology solution that is intended to deliver a clear carbon reduction strategy for Macarthur’s flagship Lake Giles Iron Project, with a first phased roll-out to support Macarthur’s intended early hematite DSO mining operations at Ularring Hematite Project. LAVO uses an innovative, patented metal hydride to produce hydrogen energy batteries. The battery system acts as a solar sponge, integrating with solar arrays to capture and store renewable energy for use when needed. The unit creates Hydrogen from water, stores the Hydrogen into LAVO’s patented metal hydride and generates electricity by converting hydrogen into power.

#### **3) Co-operation Agreement with Jin Sung International**

On 15 June 2021, Macarthur announced that it had entered into a Co-operation Agreement with diversified Singaporean based conglomerate Jin Sung International Pte Ltd, paving the way for a potential strategic investment into Macarthur’s iron ore and non-iron ore assets. The non-binding Co-operation Agreement sets out the terms upon which the parties intend to progress discussions on the development of a transaction involving a strategic equity investment. A potential transaction between the parties may take the form of a strategic equity investment into Macarthur’s iron ore assets or non-iron ore assets, or the provision of direct project financing.

#### **4) Pacific National Agreement**

On 8 July 2021, the Company announced that it had entered into a term sheet with rail haulage service provider Pacific National, for the transport by rail of up to 400,000 tonnes per annum of iron ore between Kalgoorlie and Esperance.

#### **5) Mine Gate Sale Agreement – GWR Group Limited**

On 14 July 2021, Macarthur announced that it has signed a binding term sheet with an Australian iron ore producer GWR Group Limited (ASX: GWR) (GWR) under a deal which will enable Macarthur to complete a mine gate purchase from GWR of up to 400,000 tonnes per annum of DSO product from GWR’s Wiluna West Iron Ore Project, located in Western Australia for an initial period of 2 years, with the ability to extend for up to a further 2 years and a first right of refusal to purchase tonnages in excess of 400,000 per annum if Macarthur has access to matching rail and port capacity. The sale price for GWR’s DSO will reflect an equitable split of the realised sale price on a FOB basis at the ship rail, having regard to Macarthur’s costs to transport the product, which will be disclosed on an open book basis between the parties. The term sheet is subject to the parties entering into a definitive agreement following completion of the balance of the route to market arrangements by Macarthur on a basis that is commercially acceptable to both parties.

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<sup>5</sup> Refer to the Company’s news release dated March 26, 2021, titled “Additional tenements to support groundwater drilling campaign.”

<sup>6</sup> Refer to the Company’s news release dated June 29, 2021, titled “Lake Giles Ularring DSO Update: Macarthur makes application for additional tenure to support planned DSO operation.”

## **6) Aurizon Rail Haulage Agreement**

On 5 August 2021, Macarthur announced that it has agreed terms with Aurizon, for the transport of direct shipment ore (DSO) at a rate of up to 500,000 tonnes per annum between West Kalgoorlie and Kwinana. The term of the agreement is for 12 months and is subject to conditions including Macarthur securing matching port capacity and Aurizon satisfying regulatory approvals. The combined rail paths also provide an opportunity to export direct shipment ore (DSO) lump and fines products secured from GWR Group (ASX: GWR) under a recently announced mine-gate sale agreement.

## **7) Shipping Containers**

On 23 September 2021, the Company announced that it has secured access to 190 half height shipping containers to support DSO rail haulage services to Kwinana Bulk Terminal (KBT). Macarthur has a confirmed reservation of access to sufficient half height shipping containers with Seaco Australia Pty Ltd (Seaco) to support rail capacity under a recently announced binding rail haulage agreement with Aurizon. Macarthur intends that leased half-height shipping containers will be loaded with iron ore and transported on a flat-bed rail freight service from Aurizon's West Kalgoorlie rail siding to KBT at a rate of up to 500,000 tonnes per annum.

### **Treppo Grande & Mt Jackson Iron Ore Project**

On 15 February 2018, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Esperance Iron Ore Export Company Pty Ltd ("EIOEC") made an application for Exploration License E77/2521 for the Treppo Grande Iron Ore Project ("Treppo Grande Project"). The Treppo Grande Project covers an area of 68 km<sup>2</sup> and is located approximately 32 km west of the Lake Giles Projects. The project is also 35 km east of Mineral Resource Ltd's (MRL) Koolyanobbing Iron Ore Operations and is in close proximity to established rail infrastructure to the Port of Esperance. This area had been held by a private exploration company wholly owned by renowned Kalgoorlie Prospector Mel Dalla-Costa for the past eight years under an Exploration License (EL77/1208). During this time, approval was granted for an exploration program of diamond drilling and geophysical mapping. The Treppo Grande Project has already benefited from flora and fauna baseline surveys indicating that the conservation values of Mt Manning are a lower priority than surrounding BIF ridges.

The Treppo Grande Project was explored in recent years for high grade hematite iron ore mineralisation. Historical exploration identified three potentially economic styles of DSO mineralisation including massive dense hematitic ironstones, specular hematite and oxidised 'Indurated Detrital Ironstone'. A drilling programme consisting of two diamond holes penetrated the hematitic ironstone at the J-Hook prospect. Significant intercepts include 17.5m @ 65.53% Fe from 2.5 m from hole MMS002 and 40.4 m @ 55.54% Fe from 3.6 m from hole MMS001. The iron-rich mineralisation (> 55% Fe) is centered on the J-Hook prospect that contains occurrences of massive, fissile and specular hematite. The Company also has two iron ore exploration areas (E77/2543 and E77/2542) in the Yilgarn region, adding an additional 42 km<sup>2</sup> to the Company's portfolio. These tenements are adjacent to the Mt Jackson and Deception iron ore deposits owned by MRL.

The Treppo project is located within the proposed Helena and Aurora Range National Park, part of the State Government's Plan for Our Parks initiative. On 30 November 2021, Macarthur received a letter from the Minister for Mines and Petroleum stating that the Minister for Environment request that the application for tenure be refused. On 16 December 2021, the Company provided a submission to the Minister for Mines outlining the importance of the project to the region and a potential to work alongside the native title claimants.

## **WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOLD PROJECTS**

The Company completed a spinout of its Pilbara assets through an initial public offering ("IPO") of Infinity Mining Ltd (Infinity). Infinity under Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) ticker IMI was admitted to the Official list of ASX on 20 December 2021 and commenced trading on 22 December 2021 at 3.00 pm AEDT<sup>7</sup>. Effective from 20 December 2021, Infinity exited the Macarthur Group. Macarthur Australia Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Macarthur, as a Seed Capitalist owns a 20.74% holding in Infinity and became a substantial holder.

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<sup>7</sup> News release dated December 22, 2021, titled "Spinout of Infinity Mining Limited launched on the ASX."

Macarthur Iron Ore Pty Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Macarthur, acquired two tenements E45/4735 and E45/5324 from Infinity under which all non-iron ore rights are retained by Infinity pursuant to a Tenement Sale and Non-Iron Ore Rights Agreement dated 11 August 2021.

## **WESTERN AUSTRALIAN NICKEL AND COBALT PROJECTS**

The Company has identified two areas prospective for sulphide hosted base metal deposits based on historical drill results at the Snark and Moonshine prospects, located on the Company's Lake Giles Projects in the Yilgarn, Western Australia. The Snark prospect is considered to be a highly favorable tectonic and structural setting and is well supported by surface geology featuring volcanic sequences comprising of high Mg basalts and Kambalda type komatiitic ultramafic flows in which nickel-sulfide mineralisation are hosted. The Moonshine prospect has also been identified as prospective for nickel sulphide deposits from previous drilling.

The Company has completed Moving Loop Electromagnetic ("MLEM") and Fixed-Loop Electromagnetic ("FLEM") surveys across three prospect areas: Moonshine, Snark and Clark Hill that identified numerous targets. An exploration program including drilling is planned to assess the extent and depth of mineralisation associated with these geophysical anomalies.

## **NEVADA BRINE LITHIUM PROJECT**

### **Reynolds Springs Lithium Brine Project**

The Reynolds Springs lithium brine project consists of 210 new unpatented placer mining claims covering an area of 7 square miles (18 km<sup>2</sup>) located in Railroad Valley, near the town of Currant, in Nye County, Nevada ("Reynolds Springs Project"). The Reynolds Springs Project is located approximately 180 miles (300 km) north of Las Vegas, Nevada, and 330 miles (531 km) southeast of Tesla's new Gigafactory, which has a planned production capacity of 35 gigawatt-hours per year by 2020.

A total of 206 soil samples were collected across the full extent of the Reynolds Springs Project. Lithium values in the soil samples ranged from a low of 39.3 ppm to a high of 405 ppm Li. Samples were consistently high averaging 168.3 ppm Li with 85% of samples recording over 100 ppm Li and 19% greater than 200 ppm Li. These results are considered high in comparison to the majority of non-lithium producing playas and amongst the highest we have seen outside of the Clayton Valley.

In 2018 the Company completed an assessment of downhole geophysical logs for 12 – 15 abandoned oil and gas wells that are found both within (5 wells) and in the near vicinity of the project. Several zones of high conductivity were identified that are interpreted as being indicative of brine aquifers. The Company is now looking for a partner to advance exploration of this project.

# Directors' Report

Your directors present their report together with the financial statements of the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the Group) consisting of Macarthur Minerals Limited ACN 103 011 436 and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 31 March 2022. All dollar amounts are presented in the Australian currency unless stated otherwise.

## Directors

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless stated otherwise:

<b>Name, Independence Status and Special Responsibilities</b>	<b>Experience, expertise and qualifications</b>
<b>Mr Cameron McCall</b> Executive Chairman (from 13 May 2022)	<p>Mr McCall has a wealth of experience across the financial services and commercial property industries within Australia and internationally. He has been providing investment, equity capital raising and share trading advice for over 18 years to corporate entities and private clients at Hartleys Limited and Macquarie Bank Limited. Mr McCall has during his 40-year career built an extensive network of international and Australian based high net worth individuals and corporate entities. Mr McCall is currently running a corporate advisory business providing advice on asset acquisition and capital raising to international and Australian based organisations.</p> <p>Mr McCall is currently an Executive Chairman of Macarthur Minerals Limited (substantial shareholder of Infinity Mining) and Non-Executive Director of Infinity Mining Limited and is not considered to be independent.</p>
<b>Mr Joe Phillips</b> CEO (from 13 May 2022) & Managing Director	<p>Mr Phillips was educated at the University of Queensland and combines strong project management skills with a discipline in economics and a detailed understanding of the operation of public administrations and the elected governments in Australia. Mr Phillips was the General Manager for Economic Development for the City of Brisbane for eight years before joining the executive of ENERGEX Retail Pty Ltd for three years and completing his Public Service career with the Queensland Lottery where he was involved in the privatisation of this government asset to Tattersalls (now Tabcorp).</p> <p>Mr Phillips is currently the CEO and Managing Director of Macarthur Minerals Limited (substantial shareholder of Infinity Mining) and Executive Chairman of Infinity Mining Limited and is not considered to be independent.</p>
<b>Mr Alan Phillips</b> Non-Executive Director  Member of Audit and Risk Committee	<p>Mr Phillips was appointed to the board on 19 October 2005. Mr Phillips was President and CEO of the Company from 31 August 2009 until his resignation from those positions on 28 April 2015. Mr Phillips continued as Executive Director until his resignation as Executive Director on 1 January 2017. Mr Phillips continues as Non-Executive Director.</p> <p>Mr Phillips has been a senior executive, director and chairman of ASX, TSX-V, TSX and AIM listed companies over a period of 40 years. Mr Phillips specializes in start-up and turnaround companies across a broad range of industries, but predominantly in the mining and exploration of copper, gold, ethanol and iron ore and technology sectors.</p>

**Mr Andrew Suckling**  
Independent Director

Mr Suckling was appointed to the board on 21 May 2019.

Chairman of Audit and  
Risk Committee

Mr. Suckling is Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of Cadence Minerals PLC and has over 25 years' experience in the commodity industry. He began his career as a trader on the London Metal Exchange (LME) for Metallgesellschaft (MG). In that role, he established a trading presence in China for MG setting up a representative office in Shanghai in 1997. He then became a partner and trader with the New York based multi-billion fund manager Ospraie Management, LLC. In addition to his role as Executive Chairman at Cadence he is the founding principal and portfolio manager for Verulam, a discretionary commodity fund. Mr. Suckling is a graduate of Brasenose College, Oxford University earning a BA (Hons) in Modern History in 1993 and an MA in Modern History in 2000.

**Mr Daniel Lanskey**  
Independent Director

Mr Lanskey was appointed to the board on 20 September 2019 and resigned on 27 October 2021.

Member of Audit and  
Risk Committee

Mr Lanskey holds a post graduate Business Degree from Griffith University in Entrepreneurship and Venture Development. He has over 15 years' experience in Senior Management in the Public Markets and has been a Director and/or Chairman of ASX, OTCQX and TSXV listed Companies. He has been involved in numerous start-up Companies across various Industries including Information Technology, Oil and Gas, Mining and Real Estate. Working with an extensive capital market network across the Asia Pacific Region and North America have resulted in numerous successful capital raisings via Private Placements for Pre IPO-funds, Initial Public Offerings and Reverse Takeovers of existing Public Companies.

#### Directorships of other Listed Companies

Directorships of other listed companies held by directors in the last 3 years immediately before the end of the financial year are as follows:

<u>Directors</u>	<u>Company</u>	<u>Period of Directorship</u>
Cameron McCall	Infinity Mining Limited	6 February 2018 - Current
Alan Phillips	-	-
Joe Phillips	Infinity Mining Limited	5 February 2018 - Current
Andrew Suckling	Cadence Minerals PLC	21 Dec 2015 - Current

#### **Company Secretary**

**Name, Independence Status and Special  
Responsibilities**

**Experience, expertise and qualifications**

**Ms Mima Wirakara**  
Company Secretary

Ms Wirakara is a professional with 15 years-experience in administrative, governance and company secretarial support services for several ASX, TSX and POMSox listed resource companies and has been instrumental in managing the Company's corporate governance and compliance, including Australian and Canadian regulatory and exchange requirements.

Ms Wirakara is currently the Company Secretary at Infinity Mining Limited (ASX: IMI).

### **Principal Activities**

Macarthur Minerals is an Australian public company listed in Canada on the TSX-V (symbol: MMS) and Australian Securities Exchange (“ASX”) (symbol: MIO). Macarthur Minerals has three iron ore projects in the Yilgarn region of Western Australia. In addition, Macarthur Minerals has significant lithium brine interests in the Railroad Valley, Nevada, USA. There was no change in the nature of the Group’s principal activities, being mineral resource exploration and evaluation, during the year.

### **Dividends**

No dividends were paid or recommended for payment during the financial year.

### **Operating and Financial Review**

#### **OPERATING RESULTS**

	<b>Year ended 31 March 2022 \$</b>	<b>Year ended 31 March 2021 \$</b>
Operating Expenses	<b>(4,757,838)</b>	(7,141,666)
Net Profit/(Loss) for continued and discontinued operations	<b>4,383,315</b>	(10,938,465)

The Group’s consolidated comprehensive profit for the year ended 31 March 2022 amounted to \$4,383,315 after income tax. As an exploration and evaluation company, the Company expects to continue to report losses until such time as profit is earned from potential production activities.

#### **FINANCIAL POSITION**

<b>Australian \$</b>	<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>As at 31 March 2021</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>1,625,572</b>	5,018,170
Exploration and Evaluation assets	<b>73,031,754</b>	67,513,545
Property, Plant and Equipment	<b>40,732</b>	49,916
Total Assets	<b>78,481,403</b>	74,233,519
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<b>1,173,019</b>	637,006
Total Liabilities	<b>2,838,143</b>	6,047,848
Net Assets	<b>75,643,260</b>	68,185,671
Net Working Capital <sup>[1]</sup>	<b>(242,196)</b>	4,520,879

<sup>[1]</sup> The Net Working Capital of \$6,743,500 (2021: \$4,520,879) excludes those amounts attributable to the warrant liability of \$520,350 (2021: \$5,029,991).

At 31 March 2022, the Group had net assets of \$75,643,260 compared to \$68,185,671 at 31 March 2021. The increase is due largely to a decrease in Warrant liability along with the Investment in Infinity Mining Ltd. The Group’s cash and cash equivalents balance was \$1,625,572 at 31 March 2022 which was a decrease of \$3,392,598 from 31 March 2021.

The Group’s net working capital at 31 March 2022 was \$242,196 deficit compared with net working capital of \$4,520,879 at 31 March 2021. The Net Working Capital deficit of \$242,196 is due to the inclusion of \$1,000,000 loan from non-related party, which was repaid during April 2022. The Group received in full the net funds from its \$7.5m Private Placement during April 2022 which it considers sufficient to meet its working capital requirements for at least 12 months from the date these financial statements are approved. The net working capital amount excludes those amounts attributable to the warrant liability of \$520,350 (2021: \$5,029,991) on the basis that the Group does not have any obligations to extinguish its liability attributable to the issued warrants via cash payments. The Company’s share purchase warrants are classified and accounted for as a financial liability at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company recognised a profit during the year of \$4,383,315 (2021: \$10,938,465 loss) from changes in the fair value of the warrant liability and gain on sale of Infinity Mining Ltd. The value of warrant liability as at 31 March 2022 is \$520,350 (2021: \$5,029,991).

There are 4,101,275 warrants due to expire in the next 3 - 6 months, and if they were to be exercised in accordance with the terms and conditions of the warrants, this will result in a significant cash inflow to the Group.

The Company has a \$20million equity finance facility with L1 Capital ("Facility"). The Facility is an "at call" facility which entitles the Company to issue shares to L1 over 36 months under "Placement Notice(s)" which may be drawn upon and applied at the Group's discretion to meet its operating needs and minimum financial requirements regarding its tenement obligations. The Group will continue to monitor avenues to expand its key strategic assets.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group raised new equity of \$2,429,647.

The Company has prepared a business plan to manage operations and expenditures over the coming twelve months, in order to ensure that the Company has sufficient funds to meet its obligations as they become due. In particular, the Company has advanced its plans for its Iron Ore projects, and lithium and gold projects.

## **Legal Proceedings**

### **LPD v. Macarthur and Ors. ("New Proceedings")**

On 26 November 2013, the New Proceedings were stayed by consent pending payment of the indemnity costs of the dismissed Initial Proceedings and the appeal costs by LPD and Mayson.

On 15 December 2021, LPD and Macarthur entered into a Settlement Agreement, to which LPD discontinued the New Proceedings against Macarthur and paid Macarthur costs of the New Proceedings fixed in the amount of \$75,000.

## **Financing**

### **Private Placement**

On 31 March 2022, the Company announced a private placement (the "Offering or "Placement") of A\$7.5 million with institutional and sophisticated investors with subscriptions totalling 15,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares ("New Shares") at a price of A\$0.50 per share. For each New Share issued under the Placement one attaching option issued ("Option"). Each Option have an exercise price of A\$0.65 with an expiry date 24 months from the date of issuance. The Placement price per New Share represented a 0.1% premium to the 30-day volume weighted average price ("VWAP") of the Company's Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) listed shares to 28 March 2022. The New Shares rank equally with the Company's existing ordinary shares. The Placement closed successfully on 5<sup>th</sup> April 2022.

MST Financial Services Pty Limited and EAS Advisors, LLC, acting through Odeon Capital Group LLC acted as Joint Lead Managers on the Placement received a Management & Selling Fee equal to 6% (six percent) of the gross proceeds raised under the Placement and a total of ASX 2,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at A\$0.65 expiring 2 years from the date of issue.

## **Arc Infrastructure Agreement**

On 16 July 2020, the Company announced that it had received a proposal from Arc infrastructure that provides an agreed pathway to develop a Commercial Track Access Agreement for below rail capacity from the Company's Lake Giles Iron Project in the Yilgarn Region of south-western Australia to the Port of Esperance.

## **Shared Services Agreement**

On 27 September 2021, the Company executed a Shared Services Agreement with Infinity Mining Limited ACN 609 482 180. Infinity Mining Limited has agreed to make available qualified personnel as required by the Company from time to time, to fulfill the functions of Company secretary and corporate governance support; legal support; bookkeeping, budget, payments and bank account administration and project management services subject to the Company's requests and instructions. This in turn reduces the overhead expenses for both companies whilst expanding the company resources.

## **Repositioning of Non-Iron Ore Pilbara Assets**

On 3 August 2021, Macarthur announced that CPS Corporate Advisors (CPS) was appointed as the lead Broker for the spin out of the Company's Pilbara gold, copper and lithium tenements (Pilbara Assets).

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary Macarthur Lithium Pty Ltd, which holds the Company's Pilbara Assets was converted to a public company and renamed Infinity Mining Limited (Infinity). Under the agreement with CPS, Infinity undertook an initial public offering (IPO) and made application for listing on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX).

On 14 September 2021, the Company announced that it received in-principle advice on suitability from the ASX which enabled Infinity Mining Limited to advance plans for its listing on the ASX before the end of 2021. On 14 October 2021, the Company announced that Infinity closed its pre-offer capital raise for A\$1.5 million prior to its intended IPO on ASX and that Infinity had completed a short but detailed programme of soil sampling over the Hillside tenements, to inform and support drill targeting for a more extensive exploration campaign during the 2022 field season.

On 21 October 2021, the Company announced that Infinity had entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement (SPA) with Zanil Pty Ltd (Zanil) and Alec Charles Pointon (Pointon) to acquire 100% of the Central Goldfields tenements, situated in and around the Leonora region, approximately 220km north of Kalgoorlie in Western Australia. The vending of the Central Goldfields tenements into Infinity under the Sale and Purchase Agreement is a key component of the listing of Infinity on the ASX. An analytical table of the Central Goldfields tenements and the key terms of the Sale and Purchase Agreement are in the Company's news release dated 21 October 2021<sup>8</sup>. The SPA was completed on 9 December 2021 and Infinity is in the process of submitting all necessary forms and documentation to be registered as holder of the granted Central Goldfields tenements.

On 5 November 2021, the Offer to subscribe for shares in the IPO of Infinity under its Prospectus dated 28 October 2021, opened and successfully closed on 19 November 2021 with maximum subscriptions accepted for 50,000,000 ordinary shares for a total consideration of A\$10,000,000. On 20 December 2021, Infinity Mining Limited under the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) ticker IMI was admitted to the Official list of ASX and commenced trading on 22 December 2021 at 3.00pm AEDT<sup>9</sup>. Macarthur Australia Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Macarthur, as a seed capitalist owns a 20.74% interest in the Company and became a substantial holder.

On 1 January 2022, Infinity Mining Limited exited the Macarthur Minerals Consolidated Group. For the year ending 31 March 2022, Infinity Mining will be accounted for and reflected as an associate of Macarthur Minerals Group.

## **Tenements Sale and Non-Iron Ore Rights Agreement**

On 9 September 2021, the Company announced that the Company's Pilbara iron ore tenements, Strelley Gorge E45/4735 and Tambourah E45/5324 held by Infinity previously named Macarthur Lithium Pty Ltd, will remain in the Macarthur Group. Infinity and Macarthur Iron Ore Pty Ltd ACN 081 705 651 ("Macarthur Iron Ore"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the Tenement Sale and Non-Iron Ore Rights Agreement dated 11 August 2021, under which Infinity sold, and Macarthur Iron Ore purchased, E45/4735 and E45/5324 (Macarthur Iron Ore Tenements), and Infinity retained all rights to explore for, extract and sell all minerals, including gold, lithium and nickel, excluding iron ore, recovered from the Macarthur Iron Ore Tenements (which includes any conversions to a mining lease) (Non-Iron Ore Rights) with respect to the Macarthur Iron Ore Tenements, subject to the terms and conditions of the agreement.

## **Board, CEO & Auditors update**

On 27 October 2021, Daniel Lanskey retired from the Board of Directors as an Independent Director.

On 28 October 2021, the Company announced the appointment of RSM Australia Partners to act as Auditor of the Company as approved by shareholders effective from the Annual General Meeting held on 27 October 2021.

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<sup>8</sup> News release dated October 21, 2021.

<sup>9</sup> News release dated December 22, 2021.

## **Warrants**

7,927,683 post consolidation commons share purchase warrants issued as part of the Rights Offering completed by the Company in December 2017 and 9,202,080 warrants issued under the private placement completed in September and November 2018 expired on 15 December 2021 with 232,550 warrants exercised on the same day.

## **Share Based Compensation**

612,651 stock options issued pursuant to the Company's Share Compensation Plan ("Plan") were exercised during the quarter, 812,349 surrendered and 30,000 expired.

## **Likely future developments and expected results**

The Group's key business risk associated with future plans relate to the ability to successfully develop the Company's projects.

## **Environmental Regulations**

The Group is subject to significant environmental regulation in respect to its exploration activities. The Group aims to ensure the appropriate standard of environmental care is achieved, and in doing so, that it is aware of its compliance with environmental legislation. The directors of the Group are not aware of any breach of environmental legislation for the year under review.

## **Infinity Mining Limited departing Macarthur Group**

Infinity Mining Limited (formerly Macarthur Lithium Pty Ltd) departed the Group on 1 January 2022. Refer to Note 30 for further information.

## **Significant Changes in State of Affairs**

Other than those matters discussed regarding the Infinity Mining Limited's listing on the ASX and issue of shares and warrants, there have been no other significant changes to the Company's state of affairs to have occurred during the year.

## **Events after the reporting period**

### **i) Private Placement**

On 31 March 2022, the Company announced a private placement (the "Offering or "Placement") of A\$7.5 million with institutional and sophisticated investors with subscriptions totalling 15,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares ("New Shares") at a price of A\$0.50 per share. For each New Share issued under the Placement one attaching option issued ("Option"). Each Option have an exercise price of A\$0.65 with an expiry date 24 months from the date of issuance. The Placement price per New Share represented a 0.1% premium to the 30-day volume weighted average price ("VWAP") of the Company's Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) listed shares to 28 March 2022. The New Shares rank equally with the Company's existing ordinary shares. The Placement closed successfully on 5 April 2022.

MST Financial Services Pty Limited and EAS Advisors, LLC, acting through Odeon Capital Group LLC acted as Joint Lead Managers on the Placement received a Management & Selling Fee equal to 6% (six percent) of the gross proceeds raised under the Placement and a total of ASX 2,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at A\$0.65 expiring 2 years from the date of issue.

### **ii) CEO Retirement**

On 13 May 2022, the Company announced the retirement of the Chief Executive Officer, Andrew Bruton to which Joe Phillips once again assume the role of Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director. To support the transition, Cameron McCall moved to the role of Executive Chairman. The amount paid to Andrew Bruton upon his retirement as per his consultancy agreement was \$420,000.

### iii) Exercise of options

Subsequent to year end, the Company has issued a total of 500,000 options with 500,000 options exercised providing an additional C\$120,000 in cash.

### iv) Independent Technical Report

The NI 43-101 Technical Report for the Feasibility Study of the Company's Lake Giles Iron Project, Menzies, Western Australia, was filed under the Company's profile on SEDAR website at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

### v) Share Based Compensation

Since year end and up to the date of this report, 500,000 performance-based options with an exercise price of A\$0.65 and expiring on 25 May 2022 were granted to consultants pursuant to the Company's Omnibus Incentive Plan and 4,400,000 Bonus Shares were issued to Directors of the Company in accordance with Employee and Consultant Compensation Plans.

### vi) New Office Lease

In May 2022, the Company entered into a 3-year lease at Suite 1G, Building 1, Kings Row Office Park, 40 McDougall Street, MILTON QLD 4064, Australia.

## Remuneration Report

This Remuneration Report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for Key Management Personnel in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* and its Regulations.

For the purposes of this report Key Management Personnel of the Group are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any directors of the Company.

### Role of Remuneration and Nomination Committee

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for (or in its absence the Board) overseeing performance evaluations of senior executives on an annual basis. As at 31 March 2022, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee was comprised of Andrew Suckling (Chairman), Alan Spence Phillips and Daniel Lanskey, the majority of whom are Independent Directors and have direct experience that is relevant to their responsibilities in executive compensation.

### Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

## Remuneration Policy

The Remuneration Policy of the Group is in place to ensure that:

- Directors' and senior executives' remuneration is aligned to the long-term interests of shareholders within an appropriate control framework;
- There is a clear relationship between the executives' performance and remuneration; and
- The Policy is appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the Group.

The Charter of the Committee is available on the Company's website [www.macarthurminerals.com](http://www.macarthurminerals.com).

## Remuneration Structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of Director and Management remuneration is separate.

## Performance Based Remuneration

At present, remuneration is linked to general market levels with short-term performance components. Remuneration policy and practices are reassessed when required in order to align director and executive objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Group's financial results.

### Relationship between remuneration policy and group performance

The remuneration policy has been tailored to maximise goal congruence between shareholders, directors and executives. Fees for all directors and executives is not linked to Company performance. In order to align directors and shareholders interest, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company.

### Employment detail of members of Key Management Personnel (KMP)

The following table provides employment details of persons who were, during the financial year, members of KMP of the Consolidated Group. The table also illustrates the proportion of remuneration that was performance and non-performance based.

Name	Position held	Contract details	Non-salary cash-based incentives	Shares	Fixed salary/fees
<b>Executive Directors</b>					
C McCall	Executive Chairman	No fixed duration, 12 months' notice	36%	0%	64%
J Phillips	CEO and Director	No fixed duration, 12 months' notice	34%	0%	66%
<b>Non-executive Directors</b>					
A Phillips	Non-executive Director	No fixed duration, 3 months' notice	60%	0%	40%
A Suckling	Non-executive Director	No fixed duration, 3 months' notice	49%	0%	51%
D Lanskey <sup>^</sup>	Non-executive Director	No fixed duration, 3 months' notice	0%	0%	100%
<b>Chief Executive Officer</b>					
A Bruton <sup>*</sup>	CEO	No fixed duration, 12 months' notice	0%	0%	100%

<sup>\*</sup> Retired 13 May 2022

<sup>^</sup> Resigned 27 October 2021

### Consultancy agreement provisions

The following executives have consultancy agreements in place which include contractual requirements to negotiate payments up to the value of 12 months in the event of a termination:

#### **Executive Directors**

C McCall <sup>*</sup>	Executive Chairman	No fixed duration, 12 months' notice
J Phillips	CEO and Director	No fixed duration, 12 months' notice

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to shareholder approval

#### **Non-executive Directors**

A Phillips	Non-executive Director	No fixed duration, 3 months' notice
A Suckling	Non-executive Director	No fixed duration, 3 months' notice
D Lanskey <sup>^</sup>	Non-executive Director	No fixed duration, 3 months' notice

<sup>^</sup> Resigned 27 October 2021

#### **Chief Executive Officer**

A Bruton <sup>*</sup>	CEO	No fixed duration, 12 months' notice
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<sup>\*</sup> Retired 13 May 2022

## Remuneration Report

Details of the remuneration of each key management personnel of the Company are set out in the following tables.

2022	Short Term Employee Benefits				Post-Employment Benefits		Share Based Payments	Total
	Cash Salary & Fees	Accrued Salaries	Cash Bonus	Non-monetary benefits	Super-annuation	Retirement Benefits	Options/RSUs	
<i>Executive Directors:</i>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
C McCall	275,000	-	-	-	-	-	153,244	428,244
J Phillips	350,000	-	-	-	-	-	179,436	529,436
<i>Non-Executive Directors:</i>								
A Phillips	90,000	-	-	-	-	-	137,822	227,822
A Suckling	94,460	-	-	-	-	-	92,533	186,993
D Lanskey	40,078	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,078
<i>Chief Executive Officer</i>								
A Bruton	420,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	420,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,269,538</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>563,035</b>	<b>1,832,573</b>

Remuneration accrued and payable to key management personnel as at 31 March 2022 was \$34,494.

Total remuneration of each key management personnel of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2021 is set out below.

2021	Short Term Employee Benefits				Post-Employment Benefits		Share Based Payments	Total
	Cash Salary & Fees	Accrued Salaries	Cash Bonus	Non-monetary benefits	Super-annuation	Retirement Benefits	Options/RSUs	
<i>Executive Directors:</i>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
C McCall	320,000	-	-	54,000	-	-	204,631	578,631
J Phillips	380,000	-	-	299,002	-	-	245,206	924,208
<i>Non-Executive Directors:</i>								
A Phillips	110,000	-	-	54,000	-	-	54,100	218,100
A Suckling	95,636	-	-	67,500	-	-	54,100	217,236
D Lanskey	69,996	-	-	54,000	-	-	54,100	178,096
<i>Chief Executive Officer</i>								
A Bruton <sup>[1]</sup>	420,000	-	-	94,500	-	-	94,675	609,175
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,395,632</b>	-	-	<b>623,002</b>	-	-	<b>706,812</b>	<b>2,725,446</b>

<sup>[1]</sup> Appointed CEO on 1 December 2020.

### a) Ordinary Shares

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each key management personnel or close members of their family, or an entity over which any of these persons control, jointly control or have significant influence over, for the purposes of relevant Australian accounting standards and IFRS, are set out below.

	Balance at Beginning of the Year	Granted as Remuneration	Issued on Exercise of Options and RSU's	Other Changes During the Year	Balance at End of the Year
C McCall	2,304,951	-	276,870	(250,000)	2,331,821
J Phillips	4,824,904	-	348,159	(606,500)	4,566,563
A Phillips	2,001,750	-	196,318	-	2,198,068
A Suckling	950,000	-	-	-	950,000
D Lanskey <sup>[1]</sup>	400,000	-	-	(295,000)	105,000
A Bruton <sup>[2]</sup>	1,050,000	-	-	-	1,050,000
	<b>11,531,605</b>	-	<b>821,347</b>	<b>(1,151,500)</b>	<b>11,201,452</b>

<sup>[1]</sup> Resigned 27 October 2021.

<sup>[2]</sup> Retired 13 May 2022.

**b) Options**

The number of options in the Company held during the financial year by each key management personnel or close members of their family, or an entity over which any of these persons control, jointly control or have significant influence over, for the purposes of relevant Australian accounting standards and IFRS, are set out below.

	<b>Balance at Beginning of the Year</b>	<b>Granted as remuneration</b>	<b>Number Exercised</b>	<b>Number Expired or Forfeited or Transferred</b>	<b>Balance at End of the Year</b>
C McCall	680,000	-	276,870	403,130	-
J Phillips	500,000	-	348,159	151,841	-
A Phillips	500,000	-	196,318	303,682	-
A Suckling	-	-	-	-	-
D Lanskey <sup>[1]</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
A Bruton <sup>[2]</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>1,680,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>821,347</u>	<u>858,653</u>	<u>-</u>

[1] Resigned 27 October 2021.

[2] Retired 13 May 2022.

**c) Restricted Share Units**

The number of RSUs in the Company held during the financial year by each key management personnel or close members of their family, or an entity over which any of these persons control, jointly control or have significant influence over, for the purposes of relevant Australian accounting standards and IFRS, are set out below.

**Grant Details**

	<b>Balance at Beginning of the Year [1]</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Number Granted</b>	<b>Value \$ [Note 1]</b>	<b>Number Vested and Exercised</b>	<b>Number Expired or Forfeited or Transferred</b>	<b>Balance at End of the Year</b>
C McCall	700,000	11 June 2021	1,000,000	102,814	-	-	1,700,000
J Phillips	850,000	11 June 2021	1,500,000	154,221	-	-	2,350,000
A Phillips	200,000	11 June 2021	850,000	87,392	-	-	1,050,000
A Suckling	200,000	11 June 2021	900,000	92,533	-	-	1,100,000
D Lanskey <sup>[1]</sup>	200,000	11 June 2021	250,000	25,704	-	450,000	-
A Bruton <sup>[2]</sup>	350,000	11 June 2021	1,000,000	102,814	-	1,350,000	-
	<u>2,500,000</u>		<u>5,500,000</u>	<u>565,478</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,800,000</u>	<u>6,200,000</u>

Note 1 - The fair value of the Restricted Share Units granted was determined using a trinomial option pricing model.

[1] Resigned 27 October 2021.

[2] Retired 13 May 2022.

**d) Warrants**

The number of Warrants in the Company held during the financial year by each key management personnel or close members of their family, or an entity over which any of these persons control, jointly control or have significant influence over, for the purposes of relevant Australian Accounting Standards, are set out below.

	<b>Balance at Beginning of the Year</b>	<b>Number Granted</b>	<b>Number Vested and Exercised</b>	<b>Number Expired or Forfeited or Transferred</b>	<b>Balance at End of the Year</b>
C McCall	83,333	-	-	83,333	-
J Phillips	2,413,411	-	-	2,413,411	-
A Phillips	15,750	-	-	15,750	-
A Suckling	-	-	-	-	-
D Lanskey <sup>[1]</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
A Bruton <sup>[2]</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>2,512,494</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,512,494</u>	<u>-</u>

[1] Resigned 27 October 2021.

[2] Retired 13 May 2022.

### Equity instruments held by KMP

Particulars of directors' interests in shares, options and warrants of the Company, since year end and up to the date of this report:

<b>Director</b>	<b>Ordinary Shares</b>	<b>Options</b>	<b>RSUs</b>	<b>Warrants</b>
C McCall	2,331,821	-	1,700,000	-
J Phillips	4,566,563	-	2,350,000	-
A Phillips	2,198,068	-	1,050,000	-
A Suckling	950,000	-	1,100,000	-
D Lanskey <sup>[1]</sup>	105,000	-	-	-
A Bruton <sup>[2]</sup>	1,050,000	-	-	-
	<b>11,201,452</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,200,000</b>	<b>-</b>

[1] Resigned 27 October 2021.

[2] Retired 13 May 2022.

***There are no other transactions with KMP. End of Remuneration Report.***

### **Directors' Meetings**

The number of meetings of the Company's board of directors held during the year ended 31 March 2022, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	<b>Number of Board Meetings Attended</b>	<b>Number Eligible</b>
C McCall	4	4
J Phillips	4	4
A Phillips	4	4
A Suckling	4	4
D Lanskey*	4	4

\* Resigned 27 October 2021

The number of meetings of the Company's Audit and Risk Committee held during the year ended 31 March 2022, and the number of meetings attended by each member were:

	<b>Number of Audit and Risk Committee Meetings Attended</b>	<b>Number Eligible</b>
A Phillips	4	4
A Suckling, Chairman of Audit and Risk Committee	4	4
D Lanskey*	4	4

\* Resigned 27 October 2021

### **Shares under Option**

Unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option as at the date of this report are as follows:

<b>Date Options Granted</b>	<b>Expiry Date</b>	<b>Issue Price of Shares</b>	<b>Number under options</b>
28 May 2020	31 Dec 2022	AUD\$0.34	500,000
28 May 2020	31 Dec 2022	AUD\$0.36	500,000
28 May 2020	31 Dec 2022	AUD\$0.38	500,000
28 May 2020	31 Dec 2022	CAD\$0.32	500,000
26 Oct 2020	26 Oct 2022	AUD\$0.90	5,137,382
2 Nov 2020	2 Nov 2022	AUD\$0.90	6,225,236
12 Nov 2020	12 Nov 2022	AUD\$0.75	1,500,000
11 June 2021	11 Dec 2022	CAD\$0.80	500,000
8 Apr 2022	8 Apr 2024	AUD\$0.65	15,000,000
8 Apr 2022	8 Apr 2024	AUD\$0.65	1,000,000
8 Apr 2022	8 Apr 2024	AUD\$0.65	1,000,000
25 May 2022	25 May 2024	AUD\$0.65	500,000
			<b>32,862,618</b>

No option holder has any right except for options issued under the Plans to participate in any other share issue of the Company or of any entity of the Group, or any other entity.

Shares issued on the exercise of options

1,593,203 options were exercised during the year ended 31 March 2022. Since year end and up to the date of this report 500,000 options had been exercised, and 17,000,000 options have been issued in connection with the Private Placement.

**Shares under Restricted Share Units**

Unissued ordinary shares of the Company under Restricted Share Units as at the date of this report are as follows:

<b>Date RSU Granted</b>	<b>Expiry Date</b>	<b>Vesting Term</b>	<b>Number of RSUs</b>
8 Dec 2020	8 Dec 2023	upon the closing share price of the Company's shares on the TSX-V being greater than CAD\$0.65 for 20 consecutive trading days	1,000,000
19 Jan 2021	19 Jan 2024	upon the closing share price of the Company's shares on the TSX-V being greater than CAD\$0.70 for 20 consecutive trading days	1,732,500
11 June 2021	11 Jun 2024	upon the closing share price of the Company's shares on the TSX-V being greater than CAD\$0.90 for 20 consecutive trading days	4,350,000
			7,082,500

No RSU holder has any right except under the Plans to participate in any other share issue of the Company or of any entity of the Group, or any other entity.

**Shares under Warrants**

Unissued ordinary shares of the Company held under warrants as at the date of this report are as follows:

<b>Date Granted</b>	<b>Expiry Date</b>	<b>Issue Price of Shares (CAD\$)</b>	<b>Number held under warrants</b>
6 Aug 2019	5 Aug 2022	0.40	3,029,375
2 Oct 2019	1 Oct 2022	0.40	867,291
4 Nov 2019	3 Nov 2022	0.40	204,609
			4,101,275

Shares issued on the exercise of warrants

4,546,150 warrants exercised and 17,129,763 warrants expired during the year ended 31 March 2022. Since year end and up to the date of this report Nil warrants had been exercised.

**Insurance and Indemnification of Officers**

Insurance Premiums

During the financial year, the Company paid premiums of \$137,410 to insure the directors, officers and employees ("D&O Insurance") of the Company and its Australian based controlled entities. The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against persons in their capacity as directors, officers and employees of entities in the Group, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers and employees in connection with such proceedings. It is not possible to apportion the premium between amounts relating to the insurance against legal costs and those relating to other liabilities.

## **Indemnity of officers**

The Company has provided an indemnity for each director to the maximum extent permitted by law, against any liability for legal costs incurred in respect of a liability incurred by them, by virtue of their holding office as and acting in the capacity of, an officer of the Company, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving lack of good faith.

Pursuant to an indemnity within the constitution and Deeds of Indemnity entered into with the directors and officers of the Company, the Company is indemnifying the respondent directors and officers for the reasonable legal costs of defending an action against them (subject to certain restrictions, including restrictions contained in the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth)).

## **Indemnity and insurance of auditor**

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

## **Proceedings on behalf of the Company**

No person has applied to the Court under Section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*(Cth) for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of the proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*(Cth).

## **Non-audit Services**

The Directors, in accordance with advice from the audit committee, is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year is comparable with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Directors are satisfied that the services disclosed in Note 32 to the financial statements did not compromise the auditor's independence.

## **Officers of the company who are former partners of RSM Australia Partners.**

There are no officers of the company who are former partners of RSM Australia Partners.

## **Auditor Independence Declaration**

A copy of RSM's independence declaration is required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*(Cth) and is set out on page 70.

## **Auditor**

RSM Australia Partners continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors.



Cameron McCall  
Executive Chairman  
30 June 2022

# Financial report

## Consolidated Financial Statements – 31 March 2022

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The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency, unless stated otherwise.

Macarthur Minerals Limited is a listed public company limited by shares. The Company's corporate office and principal place of business are detailed on page 2.

A description of the nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 30 June 2022. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

	Notes	2022 \$	Restated 2021* \$
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Depreciation – Plant and equipment	6(a)	(13,443)	(13,394)
Depreciation – Right of Use asset	6(a)	(17,980)	(71,921)
Exploration expenditure		(2,297)	(72,586)
Investor relations		(115,840)	(163,236)
Loss from share of associate	31	(231,571)	-
Impairment of investment in associate		(896,550)	-
Office and general expenses		(315,912)	(321,129)
Personnel costs		(1,586,955)	(1,759,038)
Professional fees	6(c)	(452,274)	(726,670)
Rent		(64,465)	(17,979)
Share-based compensation	6(b)	(727,625)	(3,126,271)
Share Registry, filing and listing fees		(282,082)	(441,152)
Travel and accommodation		(32,521)	(23,268)
Borrowing costs	6(e)	(18,323)	(405,022)
<b>Total Administrative Expenses</b>		<b>(4,757,838)</b>	<b>(7,141,666)</b>
<b>OTHER REVENUE/(EXPENSES)</b>			
Interest income		248	468
Other income	6(d)	96,647	85,168
Gain on sale of asset	30	4,527,917	-
Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange		62,514	936,752
Change in fair value of warrant liability	17	4,509,641	(4,716,233)
		<b>9,196,967</b>	<b>(3,693,845)</b>
<b>Profit/(Loss) before income tax from continuing operations</b>		<b>4,439,129</b>	<b>(10,835,511)</b>
Income tax expense	7	-	-
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) for the year from continuing operations</b>		<b>4,439,129</b>	<b>(10,835,511)</b>
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations</b>	30	<b>(55,814)</b>	<b>(102,954)</b>
<b>Net Profit/(Loss)</b>		<b>4,383,315</b>	<b>(10,938,465)</b>
<b>Other Comprehensive Income/(loss) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</b>			
Fair value gain/(loss) on Investment in FEL	13(b)	68,333	853,333
<b>Total Comprehensive profit/(loss) for the year</b>		<b>4,451,648</b>	<b>(10,085,132)</b>
Basic profit/(loss) per ordinary share from continuing operations attributable to the owners of Macarthur Minerals Limited		<b>0.0310</b>	(0.0888)
Basic profit/(loss) per ordinary share from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of Macarthur Minerals Limited		<b>(0.0004)</b>	(0.0008)
*Please refer to Note 18 for details of the prior period restatement			
Basic and diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (Note 8)		<b>142,994,094</b>	121,960,893

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
(Expressed in Australian Dollars)  
AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	Restated 2021 \$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,625,572	5,018,170
Other receivables	10	221,841	98,155
Security deposits and other assets	11	177,141	176,015
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>2,024,554</b>	<b>5,292,340</b>
<b>Non-Current</b>			
Plant and equipment	12	40,732	49,916
Right of use asset	24	-	257,718
Investment in FE Ltd	13(b)	-	1,120,000
Investment in Infinity Mining Ltd	1/31	3,384,363	-
Exploration and evaluation assets	13(a)	73,031,754	67,513,545
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>76,456,849</b>	<b>68,941,179</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>78,481,403</b>	<b>74,233,519</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Trade and other payables	14	1,173,019	637,006
Provisions	15	93,731	64,519
Lease liability	24	-	69,936
Warrant liability	17 & 2(b)	520,350	5,029,991
Loan from unrelated parties	25	1,000,000	-
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>2,787,100</b>	<b>5,801,452</b>
<b>Non-Current</b>			
Provisions	15	51,043	32,920
Lease liability	24	-	213,476
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>51,043</b>	<b>246,396</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>2,838,143</b>	<b>6,047,848</b>
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>75,643,260</b>	<b>68,185,671</b>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
Contributed equity	16(a)	121,772,352	119,342,705
Reserves	16(b)	7,693,697	7,049,070
Accumulated losses		(53,822,789)	(58,206,104)
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>75,643,260</b>	<b>68,185,671</b>

**Nature and continuance of operations** (Note 1)  
**Commitments** (Notes 13 and 26)  
**Working Capital Position** (Note 2b)

**Subsequent events** (Note 28)  
**Contingent liabilities** (Note 27)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

	Number of Shares	Contributed Equity \$	Accumulated losses \$	Reserves \$	Total \$
<b>Balance at 1 April 2020</b>	<b>102,386,361</b>	<b>104,794,986</b>	<b>(47,879,689)</b>	<b>4,648,952</b>	<b>61,564,249</b>
Net profit(loss) for the year	-	-	(15,905,637)	-	(15,905,637)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	853,333	853,333
Transfer from reserves	-	-	26,241	(26,241)	-
Share-based payment transactions	-	-	-	1,922,219	1,922,219
Private Placement	11,362,618	6,062,683	-	186,757	6,249,440
Vested RSU's	2,937,500	535,950	-	(535,950)	-
Shares in consideration for fees	837,997	323,740	-	-	323,740
Shares in consideration for assets	1,702,997	250,000	-	-	250,000
Exercise of options and warrants	1,525,000	353,963	-	-	353,963
Bonus Shares	3,612,726	1,204,053	-	-	1,204,053
Issue Shares upon Convertible Notes Conversion	15,248,936	6,856,723	-	-	6,856,723
Share issuance costs	-	(1,039,393)	-	-	(1,039,393)
<b>Balance at 31 March 2021</b>	<b>139,614,135</b>	<b>119,342,705</b>	<b>(63,759,085)</b>	<b>7,049,070</b>	<b>62,632,690</b>
<b>Balance at 1 April 2021 – As previously reported</b>	<b>139,614,135</b>	<b>119,342,705</b>	<b>(63,759,085)</b>	<b>7,049,070</b>	<b>62,632,690</b>
Prior period restatement <sup>[3]</sup>	-	-	5,552,981	-	5,552,981
Balance at 1 April 2021 - Restated	<b>139,614,135</b>	<b>119,342,705</b>	<b>(58,206,104)</b>	<b>7,049,070</b>	<b>68,185,671</b>
Net profit(loss) for the year	-	-	4,383,315	-	4,383,315
Other comprehensive profit for the year	-	-	-	68,333	68,333
Share-based payment transactions <sup>[1]</sup>	-	-	-	576,294	576,294
Exercise of options and warrants <sup>[2]</sup>	<b>6,639,353</b>	<b>2,429,647</b>	-	-	<b>2,429,647</b>
<b>Balance at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>146,253,488</b>	<b>121,772,352</b>	<b>(53,822,789)</b>	<b>7,693,697</b>	<b>75,643,260</b>

<sup>[1]</sup> Refer to Note 16(b)

<sup>[2]</sup> Refer to Note 16(a)viii)

<sup>[3]</sup> Refer to Note 18

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**  
(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,345,725)	(4,154,519)
Receipts from customers		96,647	325,470
Interest received		248	468
Interest Paid		(18,323)	(405,022)
<b>Net cash flows (used in) operating activities</b>	9	<b>(2,267,153)</b>	<b>(4,233,603)</b>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net purchases of plant and equipment		(23,684)	-
Sale of FEL shares		1,188,333	-
Exploration and evaluation additions	13	(5,518,209)	(1,045,329)
<b>Net cash flows (used in) investing activities</b>		<b>(4,353,560)</b>	<b>(1,045,329)</b>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Proceeds from Private Placement		-	6,249,440
Proceeds from exercised options & warrants		2,271,789	353,963
Share issuance costs		-	(760,978)
Principal repayment of lease liability		(43,674)	(63,488)
Loan from unrelated parties		1,000,000	-
<b>Net cash flows provided by financing activities</b>		<b>3,228,115</b>	<b>5,778,937</b>
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year		(3,392,598)	500,005
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		5,018,170	4,518,165
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of year</b>		<b>1,625,572</b>	<b>5,018,170</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

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#### Note 1: Nature and Continuance of Operations

Macarthur Minerals Limited is an Australian public company listed in Canada on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) (symbol: MMS), Australian Securities Exchange (“ASX”) (symbol: MIO) and OTCQB Venture Market (“OTCQB”) (symbol: MMSDF). The Company has three iron ore projects in the Yilgarn region of Western Australia. The Company also has two exploration project areas in the Pilbara, Western Australia targeting iron ore. In addition, Macarthur Minerals has lithium brine interests in the Railroad Valley, Nevada, USA.

As at 31 March 2022, the Company has the following subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”):

- 100% of Macarthur Australia Limited, which holds the following 100% subsidiaries:
- 100% of Macarthur Iron Ore Pty Ltd (“Macarthur Iron Ore” or “MIO”) which owns the Iron Ore Projects
- 100% of Macarthur Lithium Nevada Limited (incorporated in Nevada)
- 100% of Esperance Iron Ore Export Company Pty Ltd (previously Macarthur Midway Pty Ltd)
- 100% of Macarthur Marble Bar Lithium Pty Ltd (previously Bachelor Project Pty Ltd) (a dormant subsidiary); and
- 100% of Macarthur Minerals NT Pty Ltd (“MMNT”) and MMNT’s 100% subsidiary, Macarthur Tulshyan Pty Ltd.

There was no change in the nature of the Company’s principal activities during the year. On 1 January 2022, Infinity Mining Limited (“IML”) exited the Macarthur Minerals Consolidated Group and, for the financial year end 31 March 2022, IML will be accounted for as an associate of Macarthur Minerals Group. IML, following its own successful IPO on 19 November 2021, was separately listed on the ASX on 20 December 2021. The fair value of the Company investment in Infinity Mining Limited as at 31 March 2022 is \$3,384,363, representing its holding of 22,562,422 shares at market value at reporting date.

The Company has continued to respond to the challenges of the Covid-19 pandemic by managing its operations and cashflows conservatively. The outlook for key commodities such as iron ore and gold in the current Covid-19 affected market remains strong, and as a consequence has not resulted in any impairment of the Company’s key capitalised assets.

Since January 2016, there has been a continued growth in the premium attaching to higher grade +65% Fe (being the target grade for the Company’s Lake Giles Iron Project) against the 62% Fe benchmark. Benchmark prices have continued to hold throughout the March 2022 quarter, prices for 62% Fe have climbed closer to USD\$150 during the quarter. Current iron ore prices are substantially higher than the benchmark 62% price of USD\$99 used in the Feasibility Study recently released for the Lakes Giles Iron Project. The Board remains confident that current market and the initiation of global stimulus measures provides an opportunity for the Company to advance its objectives. However, the Company will continually monitor events and adjust to circumstances as they arise.

Remote working arrangements continue to operate seamlessly across interstate and international lines. Board and Management are ensuring that productivity is being optimised and that the Macarthur team remains focused on delivering outcomes.

The Company maintained its corporate head office and principal place of business at G03, 555 Coronation Drive, Toowong, Queensland 4066, Australia until 10 May 2022 and subsequently changed its address to Suite 1G, Building 1, Kings Row Office Park, 40 McDougall Street, MILTON QLD 4064, Australia.

The financial statements were authorized for issue on 30 June 2022 by the directors of the Company.

## **Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Material financial accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial report includes the consolidated entity consisting of Macarthur Minerals Limited and its subsidiaries. Refer to Note 22 for details of subsidiaries.

### ***New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted***

The consolidated entity has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

#### **a) *Basis of preparation***

The financial report is a general-purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth). The financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board and interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee. The Group is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The separate financial statements of the parent entity have been presented within this financial report as permitted by the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

Except for cash flow information, the financial report has been prepared on an accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

#### **b) *Working capital position***

This financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The Company's cash and cash equivalents balance at the reporting date is \$1,625,572. During April 2022, the Company received in full the net funds from its \$7.5m Private Placement.

The Group's net working capital at 31 March 2022 was a \$242,196 deficit compared with net working capital of \$4,520,879 at 31 March 2021. The Net Working Capital deficit of \$242,196 is due to the inclusion of \$1,000,000 loan from non-related party, which was repaid during April 2022. The Group received in full the net funds from its \$7.5m Private Placement during April 2022 which it considers sufficient to meet its working capital requirements for at least 12 months from the date these financial statements are approved. The net working capital amount excludes those amounts attributable to the warrant liability of \$520,350 (2021: \$5,029,991) on the basis that the Group does not have any obligations to extinguish its liability attributable to the issued warrants via cash payments.

The Company has a \$20million equity finance facility with L1 Capital ("Facility"), that remains undrawn at the date of this report. The Facility is an "at call" facility which entitles the Company to issue shares to L1 over 36 months under "Placement Notice(s)" which may be drawn upon and applied at the Group's discretion to meet its operating needs and minimum financial requirements regarding its tenement obligations. Based on these factors, Management is of the opinion that the Company has sufficient working capital to finance operations for the next twelve months.

The Group will continue to monitor avenues to expand its key strategic assets whether this be in the form of additional equity raising or debt funding.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group raised funds from new equity of \$2,429,647.

## **MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

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### **c) Principles of consolidation**

#### *(i) Subsidiaries*

The financial report incorporates the assets, liabilities and results of all subsidiaries controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between companies are eliminated in full on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the individual financial statements of the parent, refer to Note 29.

### **d) Mineral exploration and evaluation assets**

The Company is currently in the exploration and development stage of its exploration projects and applies the following policies.

#### *(i) Exploration and evaluation properties*

Exploration and evaluation expenditure are accumulated separately for each area of interest and capitalised to exploration and evaluation assets. Such expenditures comprise net direct costs but do not include general overheads or administrative expenditure not having a specific nexus with a particular area of interest. Expenditure in respect of any area of interest or mineral resource is carried forward provided that:

- the Company's rights of tenure to that area of interest are current;
- such costs are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest or, alternatively by its sale; or
- exploration and/or evaluation activities in the areas of interest have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the areas are continuing.

All other exploration and evaluation expenditure are expensed as incurred. Exploration and evaluation expenditure previously capitalised but which no longer satisfies the above policy is impaired and expensed to profit and loss. Exploration and evaluation assets are initially measured at cost and include acquisition of rights to explore, studies, exploratory drilling, trenching and sampling and associated activities and an allocation of depreciation and amortisation of assets used in exploration and evaluation activities. General and administrative costs are only included in the measurement of exploration and evaluation costs where they are related directly to operational activities in a particular area of interest.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation asset (or the cash-generating unit(s) to which it has been allocated, being no larger than the relevant area of interest) is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

### **e) Plant and equipment**

Plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as separate assets, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Consolidated Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) during the financial period in which they are incurred.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

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Depreciation on assets is calculated as follows:

Plant & Equipment	5% to 33.33% Straight-line Method 22.5% Diminishing Value Method
Office Equipment	10% to 33.33% Straight-line Method 37.5% Diminishing Value Method
Motor Vehicles	20% to 25% Straight-line Method

The assets' residual values and useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the assets carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated to write-off the asset's cost over its estimated useful life, commencing from when the asset is first ready for use. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in profit and loss.

**f) Impairment of non-financial assets**

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include the consideration of external and internal sources of information. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

**g) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of six months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

**h) Trade and other receivables**

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

**i) Foreign currency translation****(i) Functional and presentation currency**

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Company's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's and its subsidiaries functional and presentation currency.

**(ii) Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit and loss, except when they are deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow or net investment hedges.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

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***j) Foreign operations***

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates at the reporting date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the average exchange rates, which approximate the rates at the dates of the transactions, for the period. All resulting foreign exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income through the foreign currency reserve in equity.

The foreign currency reserve is recognised in profit or loss when the foreign operation or net investment is disposed of.

***k) Investment in associates***

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The considerations made in determining significant influence is similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries. The Group's investment in its associate is accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment separately.

The statement of profit or loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate is eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of an associate is shown on the face of the statement of profit or loss outside operating profit and represents profit or loss after tax and non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries of the associate.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, and then recognises the loss within 'Share of profit of an associate' in the statement of profit or loss.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group has a 20.74% interest in Infinity Mining Limited (IML), as a result of a spinout of the Group's Pilbara assets. IML, which following its own successful IPO on 19 November 2021, was separately admitted to the Official list of ASX on 20 December 2021 and commenced trading on 22 December 2021 (ASX: IMI). The Group's interest in Infinity Mining Limited is accounted for using the equity accounting method in the consolidated financial statements.

## **MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

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### ***l) Segment Reporting***

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Managing Director of the Company. The Group has identified one reportable segment (the exploration of mineral resources). All such operations and substantially all the capital assets of the Group are situated in Australia as at the reporting date.

### ***m) Leases - The Group as lessee***

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. If there is a lease present, a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability are recognised by the Group where the Group is a lessee. However, all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (i.e. leases with a remaining term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as operating expenses on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Initially the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments still to be paid at the commencement date. The lease payments are discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability is as follows:

- fixed lease payments less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement day and any initial direct costs. The subsequent measurement of the right-of-use assets is at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shortest.

Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group anticipates exercising a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

### ***n) Farm-outs in the exploration and evaluation phase***

The Group does not record any expenditure made by the farmee on its account. It also does not recognise any gain or loss on its exploration and evaluation farm-out arrangements but redesignates any costs previously capitalised in relation to the whole interest as relating to the partial interest retained. Any cash consideration received directly from the farmee is credited against costs previously capitalised in relation to the whole interest with any excess accounted for as a gain on disposal.

### ***o) Trades and other payables***

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

### ***p) Provisions***

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

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Provisions are measured at the present value of managements' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting period date.

**q) Borrowings**

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**r) Finance costs**

Finance costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the asset. All other finance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

**s) Employee benefits***(i) Wages and salaries, annual leave and superannuation*

Liabilities for salaries, including annual leave and superannuation, expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised as Current Employee Benefits in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

*(ii) Other long-term employee benefits*

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Group's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

*(iii) Share-based compensation*

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortised over the vesting periods to represent the value of services rendered. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to a reserve. The fair value of equity instruments is determined using the relevant options pricing model. The number of instruments expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

**t) Goods and services tax**

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated goods and services tax ("GST"), unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

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Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

#### **u) Income tax**

Income tax on profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected tax paid or payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date, and any adjustment to tax paid or payable in respect of previous years. Deferred income tax is recognised, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, as well as unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or when the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

##### *(i) Deferred Tax Balances*

Deferred income tax balances have not been recognised as it has not yet become probable that they will be recovered and utilised.

##### *(ii) Tax consolidation legislation*

The Company and its wholly owned Australian incorporated subsidiaries are a tax-consolidated group for income tax purposes. As a consequence, all members of the tax-consolidated group are taxed as a single entity. Infinity Mining Limited (formerly Macarthur Lithium Pty Ltd) departed the Group on 1 January 2022.

#### **v) Discontinued operations**

A discontinued operation is a component of the consolidated entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### **w) Current and non-current classification**

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification. An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the consolidated entity's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the consolidated entity's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

## **MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

### **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

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#### **x) Contributed equity**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Proceeds from warrant unit placements are allocated between shares and warrants issued. Warrants that are part of units are assigned a value based on the residual value of the unit after deducting the fair value of the common shares. Where warrants are denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency, they are considered a derivative liability and marked to market at each period using the Black-Scholes model.

#### **y) Earnings per share**

##### **(i) Basic earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing net profit/(loss) after income tax attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year; adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

##### **(ii) Diluted earnings per share**

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares. Potential ordinary shares are treated as dilutive if their exercise price exceeds the average market price of ordinary shares during the period.

However, where their conversion would decrease the loss per share from continuing operations, then this calculation is treated as anti-dilutive.

#### **z) Revenue recognition**

The Company's only sources of revenue are other income items such as interest cost recoveries, farm out arrangements and government subsidies.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount can be readily measured, and it is probable that future economic benefit will flow to the entity (control). Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

#### **aa) Fair value of assets and liabilities**

The Group measures some of its assets and liabilities at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis, depending on the requirements of the applicable Accounting Standard.

Fair value is the price the Group would receive to sell an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly (ie unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (ie the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (ie the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset or minimises the payments made to transfer the liability, after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

## MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

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The fair value of liabilities and the entity's own equity instruments (excluding those related to share-based payment arrangements) may be valued, where there is no observable market price in relation to the transfer of such financial instruments, by reference to observable market information where such instruments are held as assets. Where this information is not available, other valuation techniques are adopted and, where significant, are detailed in the respective note to the financial statements.

#### **bb) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted**

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the consolidated entity for the annual reporting period ended 31 March 2022. The consolidated entity has not yet assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

#### **cc) Comparative Figures**

Certain comparative figures in profit and loss have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year, with no impact on net profit or comprehensive profit for the year.

#### **Note 3: Critical accounting estimates and judgements**

The preparation of the financial report requires that management make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial report and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and best available current information, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The estimates and judgements that affect the application of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures and have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses are discussed below.

##### *(i) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure (Note 13)*

The application of the Group's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits are likely and is based on assumptions about future events or circumstances.

Recoverable value of exploration assets is based on the assessment of current economic conditions.

##### *(ii) Deferred tax assets*

The Company considers whether the realization of deferred tax assets is probable in determining whether or not to recognise these deferred tax assets, as set out in Note 7.

##### *(iii) Share-based payment transactions (Note 19)*

The Company measures the costs of equity-settled transactions with directors, officers, employees and consultants by reference to the fair values of the equity instrument. The fair value of equity-settled transactions is determined using the relevant Trinomial model as measured on the grant date. This model involves the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility of the Company's common shares, the expected life of the equity, and the estimated forfeiture rate for market-based vesting conditions.

##### *(iv) Warrant liability (Note 17)*

The Group uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, or other valuation models, for the valuation of warrants including expected share price volatility, interest rate, foreign currency and forfeiture rate. Changes in the input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate and the Group's net loss and equity reserves.

#### *Going concern*

The financial statements have been prepared based on an assumption of going concern.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

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The Group has recorded a net profit after tax of \$4,383,315 for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: loss \$10,938,465).

The Directors believe the going concern assumption is valid, reaching such a conclusion after having regard to the circumstances which they consider reasonably likely to affect the Group during the period of one year from the date these financial statements are approved.

Specifically, the Group received in full the net funds from its \$7.5m Private Placement during April 2022 which it considers sufficient to meet its working capital requirements for at least 12 months from the date these financial statements are approved.

The Directors believe that there is no material uncertainty in respect of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern for the period assessed above due to the level of its current cash holdings and ability to generate cash inflows from a shared service arrangement with Infinity Mining Limited, the exercise of outstanding options and warrants, along with utilisation of a \$20m equity finance facility with L1 Capital that remains undrawn at the date of this report.

**Note 4: Financial Instruments and Financial risk management****Financial risk management policies**

The Company's principal financial instruments are cash and cash equivalents, the main purpose of which is to fund the Company's operations. The Company has various other financial assets and liabilities such as security deposits, other receivables, trade payables, and warrant derivatives which arise directly from its operations. It is and has been throughout the years ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021, the Company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. The board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements. The Company's contracted financial instruments are summarised as:

	Note	Consolidated Carrying Amount 2022 \$	2021 \$
<b>Financial assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	<u>1,625,572</u>	5,018,170
<b>a) Financial assets at cost</b>			
Other receivables	9	<b>127,090</b>	1,837
Security Deposits	10	<u>56,642</u>	156,626
		<b>183,732</b>	158,463
<b>b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>			
Investment in FE Ltd	12(b)	-	1,120,000
<b>c) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss</b>			
Investment in Infinity Mining Ltd	1	<u>3,384,363</u>	-
<b>Total financial assets</b>		<u><b>5,193,667</b></u>	6,296,633

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(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
<b>a) Financial liabilities at amortised cost</b>		
Trade and other payables	1,173,018	637,006
Loans	1,000,000	-
	<u>2,173,018</u>	<u>637,006</u>
<b>b) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss</b>		
Warrant liability	16 520,350	5,029,991
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<u><u>2,693,368</u></u>	<u><u>5,666,997</u></u>

**a) Credit risk**

The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash and cash equivalents. The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by maintaining its financial liquid assets with high-credit quality financial institutions. The Company will trade only with recognised, creditworthy third parties. Credit verification procedures will be carried out when deemed necessary and receivable balances will be monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Company's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

*Exposure to credit risk*

The carrying amount of the Company's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. This amount consists of Cash and cash equivalents of \$1,625,572 (2021: \$5,018,170), Other receivables of \$127,090 (2021: \$1,837) and Security Deposits of \$56,642 (2021: \$156,626).

The Company's receivables exclude current outstanding taxation payments recoverable from the Australian Government. These statutory amounts are excluded under Accounting Standards in the above analysis.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date by geographic region was:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Australia	1,022,861	3,919,270
Canada	786,443	1,257,363
	<u>1,809,304</u>	<u>5,176,633</u>

**b) Liquidity risk**

The Company's objective is to raise sufficient funds from equity and/or debt to finance its development and exploration activities until its operations become profitable.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by planning and budgeting its operational and growth requirements. The Company monitors its forecast cash flows and ensures funds are in place to meet its operational needs in the short to medium term. The Company has limited financial resources and there is no assurance that additional funding will be available to allow the Company to acquire, explore and develop its exploration and evaluation assets. Failure to obtain additional financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration or development.

The Company is dependent on raising funds through equity and/or debt or disposing of interests in its mineral properties (by options, joint ventures or outright sales) in order to finance development of its exploration and evaluation assets, further acquisitions, undertake exploration and meet general and administrative expenses in the immediate and long term.

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*Exposure to liquidity risk*

The below table analyses the Company's non-derivative financial assets and liabilities into maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contracted undiscounted cash flows.

**As at 31 March 2022**

	\$	\$	\$
	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
Financial assets	1,809,304	-	1,809,304
Financial liabilities	(2,173,018)	-	(2,173,018)
Net cashflow	(363,714)	-	(363,714)

**As at 31 March 2021**

	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
Financial assets	5,176,633	-	5,176,633
Financial liabilities	(637,006)	-	(637,006)
Net cashflow	4,539,627	-	4,539,627

**c) Liabilities – Loan, Lease liability, Interest rate risk**

The Company's cash equivalents are highly liquid and earn interest at market rates. Due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments, fluctuations in market interest rates do not have a significant impact on the fair values of these financial instruments.

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
<b>Interest-bearing financial instruments</b>		
Financial assets	1,682,214	5,174,796

Financial assets are comprised of:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	1,625,572	5,018,170
Security deposits	56,642	156,626
	1,682,214	5,174,796

*Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments*

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates on the above interest-bearing financial instruments at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2020.

	Profit or loss		Equity	
	100bp increase	100bp decrease	100bp increase	100bp decrease
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>31 March 2022</b>				
Interest-bearing financial instruments	16,822	(16,822)	16,822	(16,822)
<b>31 March 2021</b>				
Interest-bearing financial instruments	16,822	(16,822)	16,822	(16,822)

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**d) Foreign currency risk**

The Company's consolidated financial statements can be affected by movements in the CAD\$/USD\$ exchange rate, due to some administrative expenses and liabilities being incurred in other than in \$AUD is being the functional currency of the Company.

*Exposure to currency risk*

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the statement of financial position date was as follows:

	AUD \$	CAD \$ 2022	USD \$	AUD \$	CAD \$ 2021	USD \$
Cash and cash equivalents	839,128	634,363	152,081	3,760,807	84,245	1,173,119
Receivables	127,090	-	-	1,837	-	-
Security Deposits	56,642	-	-	156,626	-	-
	<b>1,022,860</b>	<b>634,363</b>	<b>152,081</b>	<b>3,919,270</b>	<b>84,245</b>	<b>1,173,119</b>
Trade and other payables	1,116,688	48,228	8,103	576,409	58,843	1,753
Employee Benefits	144,774	-	-	97,439	-	-
Warrant liability	-	520,350	-	-	5,029,991	-
Loan - Other	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liability	-	-	-	283,412	-	-
	<b>2,261,462</b>	<b>568,578</b>	<b>8,103</b>	<b>957,260</b>	<b>5,088,834</b>	<b>1,753</b>
Net exposure	<b>(1,238,602)</b>	<b>65,785</b>	<b>143,978</b>	<b>2,962,010</b>	<b>(5,004,589)</b>	<b>1,171,366</b>

*Sensitivity analysis*

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Group's exposures to changes in interest rates and exchange rates. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	2022		2021	
	Profit \$	Equity \$	Profit \$	Equity \$
+/-2% in interest rates	+\$33,644	+\$33,644	+/- \$103,496	+/- \$103,496
+/-5% in \$AUD/\$CAD	+/- \$3,289	+/- \$3,289	+/- \$527,879	+/- \$527,879
+/-5% in \$AUD/\$US	+/- \$7,199	+/- \$7,199	+/- \$58,568	+/- \$58,568
+/-10% in listed investments	+/- \$Nil	+/- \$Nil	+/- \$112,000	+/- \$112,000

**e) Commodity price risk**

The Company's future revenues are expected to be in large part derived from the mining and sale of minerals or interests related thereto. The price of various minerals has fluctuated widely, particularly in recent years, and is affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control including international economic, financial and political conditions, expectations of inflation, international currency exchange rates, interest rates, global or regional consumptive patterns, speculative activities, levels of supply and demand, increased production due to new mine developments and improved mining and production methods, availability and costs of mineral substitutes, mineral stock levels maintained by producers and others and inventory carrying costs. The effect of these factors on the price of various minerals, and therefore the economic viability of the Company's operations cannot accurately be predicted.

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### **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

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As the Company has not yet reached the production stage, its exposure to price risk has no impact on the financial statements, however price risk is a critical assumption for the Group's economic studies on its Iron Ore Projects and for impairment testing.

#### **f) Fair Value**

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The fair values of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, other receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate carrying values, which are the amounts recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position due to their short-term nature. The Company's only financial instrument classified as fair value through profit or loss is the Warrant Liability, which is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, refer to Note 17 for additional information.

#### **Note 5: Capital Management**

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of resource properties.

The Board of Directors do not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. In the management of capital, the Company includes shareholders' equity.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration and development stage, as such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund activities. In order to carry out planned exploration, conduct studies and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional funds as needed.

In addition to its lithium and iron ore exploration and evaluation activities, the Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

As set out in Note 16, further equity was issued in the year.

There were no other changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended 31 March 2022. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**Note 6: Revenue and expenses**

Result for the year includes the following items:

	2022	Restated 2021
	\$	\$
<b>a) Depreciation</b>		
Depreciation – Plant and Equipment	13,443	13,394
Depreciation – Right of Use asset	17,980	71,921
	<u>31,423</u>	<u>85,315</u>
<b>b) Share-based compensation</b>		
Share based payments	576,294	1,922,219
Bonus shares issued to Executives and employees	151,331	1,204,052
	<u>727,625</u>	<u>3,126,271</u>
<b>c) Professional fees:</b>		
- Legal costs	78,326	188,628
- External consultants	373,948	538,042
	<u>452,274</u>	<u>726,670</u>
<b>d) Other income includes:</b>		
<b>Other income:</b>		
- Rates reimbursements	-	-
- Accommodation cost recovery	19,980	3,900
- Option Fee Income	-	-
- Government subsidies received	-	81,268
- Cost Order (LPD)	75,000	-
- Gain on sale of FE Ltd Shares	1,667	-
	<u>96,647</u>	<u>85,168</u>
<b>e) Borrowing costs includes:</b>		
- Interest on Convertible Notes	-	387,668
- Interest on Other Loans	14,538	-
- Interest on lease liability (Note 24)	3,785	17,354
	<u>18,323</u>	<u>405,022</u>

**Note 7: Income tax**

	2022	Restated 2021
	\$	\$
<i>Income tax expense</i>		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
Aggregate income tax expense	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
<b>a) Reconciliation of income tax equivalent expense (credit) to prima facie tax equivalent payable</b>		
Profit (loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense	4,439,129	(10,835,511)
Profit (loss) from discontinued operations before income tax expense	(55,814)	(102,954)
Net profit/(loss)	4,383,315	(10,938,465)
Tax at Australian tax rate of 25% (2021: 26%)	1,095,829	(2,844,001)
Adjustment for the tax effect of:		
Non-assessable income	-	(27,180)
Change in fair value of warrant liability	(1,127,410)	1,226,221
Share based payments	181,906	812,831
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	(15,628)	-
Non-deductible legal fees	19,582	50,096
Allowable expenditure capitalised to exploration and evaluation assets	(1,379,552)	(336,414)
Section 40-880 deductions	(108,244)	(80,972)
Impairment of investment in associate	224,125	-
Loss from share of associate	57,893	-
Other	(208,646)	38,144
	(1,260,145)	(1,161,275)
Tax effect on income tax losses and temporary differences not carried forward as deferred tax assets	1,260,145	1,161,275
Income tax expense/(credit) attributable to profit/(loss) from continuing operations	-	-

**b) Change in tax rate**

Changes in tax laws and rates may affect any recorded deferred tax assets and liabilities and the Company's effective tax rate in the future. The applicable tax rate as at 31 March 2022 was 25% (2021: 26%) on the basis that Macarthur Minerals was a Small Business Entity for the purposes of the tax law.

Deferred tax in the year to 31 March 2022 has been measured using the effective rate that will apply in Australia to Macarthur Minerals from 1 April 2021 (i.e. 25%).

**c) Tax consolidation**

Macarthur Minerals and its wholly owned Australian subsidiaries are members of an Australian income tax consolidated group. Infinity Mining Limited departed the Group on 1 January 2022.

**d) Tax losses**

Consolidated tax losses for which no deferred tax has been recognised:

	Tax losses from operations	Tax losses on capital raising expenses	Total
	\$	\$	\$
<b>2022</b>			
Tax losses	89,985,210	6,707,180	96,692,390
Potential benefit	22,496,303	1,676,795	24,173,098
<b>2021</b>			
Tax losses	85,935,841	6,274,205	92,210,046
Potential benefit	22,343,319	1,631,293	23,974,612

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

The tax benefit of these losses will only be obtained if:

- The Company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the losses to be realised.
- The Company continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility of losses imposed by the relevant tax legislation.

In particular, the Company's tax losses can be carried forward to offset its future income and the future income of members of its tax consolidated group, subject to the satisfaction of the Continuity of Ownership Test or the Same or Similar Business Test and having regard to the application of the "available fraction".

In this respect the ability to utilise tax losses in the future will be dependent on specific shareholding tracing in the years of losses and the future years of income, and future events including the business activity of the Company in future years of income.

**Note 8: Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income/(loss) for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. The following reflects the income and share data used in the total basic and diluted earnings per share computations.

***Earnings per share for profit/(loss) from continuing operations***

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Total profit/(loss) for the year attributable to the owners of Macarthur Minerals Limited	4,383,315	(10,938,465)
Basic earnings per share	<u>0.0310</u>	<u>(0.0888)</u>

***Earnings per share for profit/(loss) from discontinued operations***

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Total profit/(loss) for the year attributable to the owners of Macarthur Minerals Limited	(55,814)	(102,954)
Basic earnings per share	<u>(0.0004)</u>	<u>(0.0008)</u>

	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic/diluted earnings per share	<u>142,994,094</u>	<u>121,960,893</u>

The Company's outstanding options, warrants and RSU's that did not have a dilutive effect at 31 March 2022 are set out in Note 20.

**Note 9: Cash & Cash Equivalents**

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash at bank and in hand		
Cash at bank and in hand earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates	<u>1,625,572</u>	5,018,170
	<u>1,625,572</u>	<u>5,018,170</u>

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**Reconciliation of net loss after income tax  
to the net cash flows from operations**

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
<b>Net Profit/(Loss)</b>	<b>4,383,315</b>	<b>(10,938,465)</b>
<b>Adjustments for:</b>		
Depreciation – Plant and Equipment	13,443	13,394
Depreciation – Right of use asset	17,980	71,921
Share-based payments – employees & other costs	734,152	3,126,271
Change in fair value of warrant liability	(4,509,641)	4,716,233
Gain on sale of asset	(4,527,917)	-
Loss from share of associate	231,571	-
Impairment of investment in associate	896,550	-
Loss from discontinued operations	(55,814)	-
Interest revenue	(248)	-
Shares issued in lieu of Consultancy fees	-	45,259
Loss on disposal of PPE	11,346	-
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	-	(936,752)
Other adjustments	-	-
<b>Changes in Assets and Liabilities:</b>		
Receivables and other assets	(274,406)	266,111
Payables and provisions	812,516	(597,578)
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(2,267,153)</b>	<b>(4,233,606)</b>

**Note 10: Other Receivables**

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Other receivables (financial instruments)	127,091	1,837
Other receivables (non-financial instruments)	94,750	96,318
	<u>221,841</u>	<u>98,155</u>

**Note 11: Other assets**

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Security deposits	56,642	156,626
Prepayments	120,499	19,389
	<u>177,141</u>	<u>176,015</u>

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**Note 12: Plant and equipment**

	<b>Plant &amp; Equipment \$</b>	<b>Office Equipment \$</b>	<b>Motor Vehicles \$</b>	<b>Total \$</b>
<b>Year ended 31 March 2021</b>				
Opening net book value	1,166	10,826	51,737	63,729
Additions	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge	(455)	(4,270)	(9,088)	(13,813)
Closing net book amount	711	6,556	42,649	49,916
<b>At 31 March 2021</b>				
Cost	655,381	402,861	59,325	1,117,567
Transfers	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(654,670)	(396,305)	(16,676)	(1,067,651)
Net book amount	711	6,556	42,649	49,916
<b>Year ended 31 March 2022</b>				
Opening net book value	711	6,556	42,649	49,916
Additions	3,646	20,038	-	23,684
Disposals	-	-	(19,425)	(19,425)
Depreciation charge	(711)	(4,345)	(8,387)	(13,443)
Closing net book amount	3,646	22,249	14,837	40,732
<b>At 31 March 2022</b>				
Cost	659,027	422,898	39,900	1,121,825
Transfers	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(655,381)	(400,649)	(25,063)	(1,081,093)
Net book amount	3,646	22,249	14,837	40,732

**Note 13: Exploration and Evaluation Assets**

(a) The ultimate recoupment of the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on the successful development, commercial exploitation and financing of the areas of interest, or alternatively through sale. At 31 March 2022, the Company held 100% of the outstanding and issued share capital of Macarthur Australia. Macarthur Australia's wholly owned subsidiaries MIO holds assets which include the Iron Ore Projects. On 1 January 2022, Infinity Mining Ltd exited the group and Macarthur Australia Limited retained 20.74% ownership of Infinity Mining Limited. Macarthur Minerals also holds 100% of Macarthur Lithium Nevada Limited ("MLiNV"), which holds a Lithium Exploration Project in Nevada.

The carrying value of the exploration and evaluation assets relates to the Iron Ore and Lithium Projects. At 31 March 2022, based on the improvement in global demand and price for iron ore, coupled with the achievement of certain strategic milestones in the development of its iron ore assets, the Company is advancing these projects and has entered into a range of commercial arrangements and funding commitments (refer to Director's Report). The Iron Ore projects' book value reflects the historical costs of exploration and evaluation expenditure capitalised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy and Australian Accounting Standards and IFRS.

Exploration expenditure of \$5,518,209 was capitalised during the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: \$1,295,329), as per table below.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**Exploration and evaluation expenditure**

	<b>Acquisition Costs</b>	<b>Capitalised Exploration Costs</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2020</b>	<b>4,010,636</b>	<b>62,207,580</b>	<b>66,218,216</b>
Accommodation and camp maintenance	-	50,127	50,127
Environmental surveys	-	8,210	8,210
Other	-	34,066	34,066
Personnel and Contractors	-	227,294	227,294
Rent and rates	-	203,258	203,258
Research and reports	-	722,855	722,855
Sampling and testing	-	2,442	2,442
Tenement management and outlays	-	24,451	24,451
Travel	-	4,150	4,150
Vehicle hire	-	18,476	18,476
	-	<b>1,295,329</b>	<b>1,295,329</b>
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2021</b>	<b>4,010,636</b>	<b>63,502,909</b>	<b>67,513,545</b>
Accommodation and camp maintenance	-	43,499	43,499
Environmental surveys	-	-	-
Other	-	11,372	11,372
Personnel and Contractors	-	265,765	265,765
Rent and rates	-	265,036	265,036
Research and reports	-	5,068,458	5,068,458
Sampling and testing	-	9,640	9,640
Tenement acquisitions	-	(178,590)	(178,590)
Tenement management and outlays	-	1,482	1,482
Travel	-	7,114	7,114
Vehicle hire	-	24,433	24,433
	-	<b>5,518,209</b>	<b>5,518,209</b>
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>4,010,636</b>	<b>69,021,118</b>	<b>73,031,754</b>

All capitalised exploration costs represent costs incurred during the exploration and evaluation phase. Please note the decrease in amounts relate to the exit of Infinity Mining Limited from the Group on 1 January 2022.

**(b) Investment in FE Ltd (“FEL”)**

The Company has sold its investment in FEL, a publicly traded Company on the Australian Stock Exchange, during the year. The fair value gain is reported in Other Comprehensive Income.

**(c) Commitments**

In order to maintain its current rights of tenure for exploration and/or mining activities, the Company is required to perform minimum annual expenditure requirements specified in the tenement documents. The expenditure obligations are subject to renegotiation when an application for a mining lease and/or renewal of exploration permits are made or at other times and are subject to whether the Company decides to continue a tenement's rights until its expiry. Due to the nature of the Company's activities, it is difficult to accurately forecast the amount of future expenditure that will be necessary to incur in order to maintain present interests.

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(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

The following obligations are not provided for in the financial statements and are payable at future dates as follows:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Not later than one year	980,663	1,368,684
Later than one year but not later than five years	3,674,506	4,088,930
	<u>4,655,169</u>	<u>5,457,614</u>

For the financial year ending 31 March 2023, the Company may apply for exemptions against expenditure in relation to those tenements which did not have sufficient expenditure recorded against them in the prior 12 months of their term. Exemption has and may be sought on the basis that aggregate expenditure on those tenements in prior years far exceeded the minimum required. In the event that exemption for these tenements is not granted (which the Company believes is highly unlikely), the Company may have to impair/expense the value of the amount capitalised to exploration and evaluation assets for those tenements.

If exemptions being applied for are approved as outlined above, the obligations not provided for in the financial statements and are payable at future dates as follows:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Not later than one year	407,205	931,684
Later than one year but not later than five years	3,674,506	4,088,930
	<u>4,081,711</u>	<u>5,020,614</u>

**Note 14: Trade and other payables**

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
<b>Current</b>		
Trade payables	121,241	530,113
Other payables and accruals	1,051,778	106,893
	<u>1,173,019</u>	<u>637,006</u>

**Note 15: Provisions**

The liabilities recognised for employee benefits consist of the following amounts:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
<b>Current</b>		
- Short term employee obligations	93,731	64,519
<b>Non-current:</b>		
- Long service leave entitlements	51,043	32,920
	<u>144,774</u>	<u>97,439</u>

**Amounts not expected to be settled within the next 12 months**

The current provision for employee benefits includes all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and also those where employees are entitled to pro-rata payments in certain circumstances. The entire amount is presented as current, since the consolidated entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. However, based on past experience, the consolidated entity does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

The following amounts reflect leave that is not expected to be taken within the next 12 months:

	2022	2021
Employee benefits obligation expected to be settled after 12 months	<u>100,172</u>	<u>77,951</u>

The current portion of these liabilities represents the Company's obligations to its current employees that relate to annual/long service leave which have vested.

**Note 16: Contributed equity and reserves****a) Ordinary Shares***Ordinary shares*

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

*Share buy-back*

There is no current on-market share buy-back.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
<i>Ordinary shares</i>		
Issued and fully paid	<u>121,772,352</u>	<u>119,342,705</u>
	Number	Number
<i>Number of shares on issue</i>	<u>146,253,488</u>	<u>139,614,135</u>
	2022	2021
At the beginning of the reporting period	139,614,135	102,386,361
Shares issued during the year:		
i. Exercise of options and warrants	6,639,353	1,525,000
ii. 17 Sept 2020 (CAD\$0.32 per share)	-	2,937,500
iii. 26 Oct 2020 (AUD\$0.55 per share)	-	5,137,382
iv. 2 Nov 2020 (AUD\$0.55 per share)	-	6,225,236
v. Bonus shares	-	3,612,726
vi. Shares in consideration for consultancy fees	-	837,997
vii. Conversion of Convertible Notes	-	15,248,936
viii. Shares in consideration for assets	-	1,702,997
	<u>146,253,488</u>	<u>139,614,135</u>
At the end of the year	<u>146,253,488</u>	<u>139,614,135</u>

Details of shares issued above are outlined below:

- i. During the year, 1,593,203 options (2021: 1,525,000) were exercised and 4,546,150 warrants were exercised. A further \$128,148 was received on 31 March 2022 represented by 500,000 options exercised. These shares were not issued until after 31 March 2022 (refer to Note 28(c)). The value to Contributed Equity was AUD\$2,429,647 (2021: \$353,963). During the 2021 year, 1,525,000 options were exercised.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

- ii. On 17 September 2020, pursuant to the Company's Share Compensation Plan, 2,937,500 shares were issued to Employees and Directors of the Company upon conversion of RSU's which vested.
- iii. On 26 October 2020, 5,137,382 shares at AUD\$0.55 per share were issued in connection with the Private Placement announced on 13 October 2020. One unit comprised of one share and one option exercisable at AUD\$0.90 per share, with an expiry date that is 24 months from the date of issuance.
- iv. On 2 November 2020, 6,225,236 shares at AUD\$0.55 per share were issued in connection with the Private Placement announced on 13 October 2020 following receipt of shareholders' approval at the Company's Annual General Meeting on 30 October 2020 in accordance with ASX listing rule requirements relating to future placement capacity. One unit comprised of one share and one option exercisable at AUD\$0.90 per share, with an expiry date that is 24 months from the date of issuance.
- v. During the 2021 year, 3,612,726 bonus shares at an average price of AUD\$0.33 per share were issued to Directors, employees and a consultant.
- vi. During the 2021 year, 837,997 shares at an average price of AUD\$0.39 per share were issued to Consultants in consideration for consultancy fees.
- vii. During the 2021 year, 15,248,936 shares were issued in connection with all outstanding convertible notes which were converted into Company shares prior to their maturity.
- viii. During the 2021 year, 1,702,997 shares with a value of \$250,000 were issued to Arrow Minerals Ltd pursuant to an agreement to acquire mineral tenure for the development of site infrastructure at Lake Giles Iron Project.

**b) Reserves**

	Share Based Payments Reserve \$	Financial Asset Revaluation Reserve \$	Share Capital Reserve \$	Total \$
As at 1 April 2020	4,782,285	(133,333)	-	4,648,952
Fair value gain on financial assets	-	853,333	-	853,333
Cost of share-based payments	1,922,219	-	-	1,922,219
Vested RSU's	(535,950)	-	-	(535,950)
Transfer from reserves	(26,241)	-	-	(26,241)
Residual cost of private placement	-	-	186,757	186,757
As at 31 March 2021	6,142,313	720,000	186,757	7,049,070
Fair value loss on financial assets	-	68,333	-	68,333
Cost of share-based payments	576,294	-	-	576,294
As at 31 March 2022	6,718,607	788,333	186,757	7,693,697

*Share-based payment reserve*

The Group has issued share options, rights and warrants on specified terms. The cost of these items is measured by reference to their fair value at the date at which they are granted and expensed over the vesting period. The fair value is determined using Option valuation models.

*Financial Asset Revaluation Reserve*

The financial asset revaluation reserve records revaluations of financial assets.

*Share Capital Reserve*

The share capital reserve records the residual value of contributed equity after deducting the fair value of the common shares issued.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**Note 17: Warrant Liability**

During the year ended 31 March 2022, no warrants were issued (31 March 2021 – Nil). Where the warrants have an exercise price denominated in a currency which is different from the functional currency of the Company (Australian dollar), the warrants are treated as a financial liability.

The Company's share purchase warrants are classified and accounted for as a financial liability at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. The warrant derivative liability is classified as level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. As of 31 March 2022, the Company had 4,101,275 (2021 – 25,777,188) warrants outstanding, which are classified and accounted for as a financial liability. The Company recognised a profit during the year of \$4,509,641 (2021: (\$4,716,233 loss)) from changes in the fair value of the warrant liability.

The value of warrant liability as at 31 March 2022 is \$520,350 (2021: \$5,029,991). There are 4,101,275 warrants due to expire in the next 3 - 6 months. If the warrants were to be exercised in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contracts, there would be a cash inflow to the Group of CAD\$1,640,510.

The Group uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, or other valuation models, for the valuation of Warrant derivatives. Option pricing models require the input of subjective assumptions including expected share price volatility, interest rate, foreign currency and forfeiture rate.

Changes in the input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate and the Group's net profit/(loss) and equity reserves. The Company uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model to estimate the fair value of the Canadian dollar denominated warrants, with the following assumptions:

	<b>Year ended 31 March 2022</b>	Year ended 31 March 2021
	<i>Weighted average</i>	<i>Weighted average</i>
Share price	<b>CAD \$0.465</b>	<b>CAD \$0.51</b>
Exercise price	<b>CAD \$0.40</b>	<b>CAD \$0.52</b>
Risk-free interest rate	<b>2.13%</b>	<b>0.23%</b>
Expected life of warrants	<b>0.39 years</b>	<b>0.79 years</b>
Annualized volatility	<b>75.60%</b>	<b>278.98%</b>
Dividend rate	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>

**Note 18: Prior period misstatement of warrant liability****Misstatement of Warrant liability in prior period due to excessive volatility computation**

A re-computation of the warrant liability at 31 March 2021 has highlighted an excessively high volatility factor used in the computation of the warrant liability. The consequent overstatement of the liability at 31 March 2021 has required corrections to the Warrant Liability in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 and to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss for the year ended 31 March 2021. The impact of the prior period misstatement is outlined below.

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The error noted has been corrected by restating the affected financial statement line items for the prior periods as follows:

**i. Consolidated statement of financial position**

	Impact of correction error		
	As previously reported	Adjustments	Restated
	2021		2021
	\$	\$	\$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	5,018,170	-	5,018,170
Other receivables	98,155	-	98,155
Security deposits and prepayments	176,015	-	176,015
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>5,292,340</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,292,340</b>
<b>Non-Current</b>			
Plant and equipment	49,916	-	49,916
Right of use asset	257,718	-	257,718
Investment in FE Ltd	1,120,000	-	1,120,000
Investment in Infinity Mining Ltd	-	-	-
Exploration and evaluation assets	67,513,545	-	67,513,545
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>68,941,179</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>68,941,179</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>74,233,519</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>74,233,519</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Trade and other payables	637,006	-	637,006
Provisions	64,519	-	64,519
Lease liability	69,936	-	69,936
Warrant liability	10,582,972	5,552,981	5,029,991
Loan from unrelated parties	-	-	-
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>11,354,433</b>	<b>5,552,981</b>	<b>5,801,452</b>
<b>Non-Current</b>			
Provisions	32,920	-	32,920
Lease liability	213,476	-	213,476
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>246,396</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>246,396</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>11,600,829</b>	<b>5,552,981</b>	<b>6,047,848</b>
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>62,632,690</b>	<b>(5,552,981)</b>	<b>68,185,671</b>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
Contributed equity	119,342,705	-	119,342,705
Reserves	7,049,070	-	7,049,070
Accumulated losses	(63,759,085)	5,552,981	(58,206,104)
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>62,632,690</b>	<b>5,552,981</b>	<b>68,185,671</b>

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**ii. Consolidated statement of profit or loss**

	As previously reported 2021 \$	Adjustments \$	Restated 2021 \$
Administrative expenses	(7,269,530)	24,910*	(7,244,620)*
Other income/(expenses)	(8,636,107)	4,942,262	(3,693,845)
<b>Loss before income tax</b>	<b>(15,905,637)</b>	<b>4,967,172</b>	<b>(10,938,465)</b>

\* Includes loss from discontinued operations

**1. Warrant liability**

	31 March 2021 \$
Balance previously disclosed	10,582,972
Increase/(decrease) in warrant liability	(5,552,981)
Restated balance	<u>5,029,991</u>

**Equity****2. Accumulated  
Losses**

	31 March 2021 \$
Balance previously disclosed	(63,759,085)
Increase/(decrease) in accumulated losses	5,552,981
Restated balance	<u>(58,206,104)</u>

**Note 19: Share Compensation Plans and Share Based Payments (refer Notes 20 and 21)**

The Company, in accordance with the Company's Employee and Consultant Share Compensation Plans ("Plans") and the policies of the TSX-V, is authorized to grant incentive stock options ("Options"), award equity restricted share units, or bonus shares or issue common shares from treasury pursuant to the Company's share purchase scheme to directors, employees and consultants to acquire in aggregate up to 20% of issued and outstanding ordinary shares as at 28 September 2021, being 144,427,735 Common Shares. Both of the Plans were approved on 27 October 2021 by the shareholders and replace the Company's previous Plans.

The exercise price of the Options is fixed by the Board at no lesser than the discounted market price (as defined under the TSX-V Company Manual) of the shares on the grant date, subject to all applicable regulatory requirements. Options under the Plans can be granted for a maximum term of 5 years and may be subject to vesting criteria as determined by the Board.

The fair value of all issued Options is measured and expensed as share-based compensation at the grant date if they are fully vested upon granting, otherwise the fair value is expensed over the vesting period. A corresponding increase is recorded to reserves (see Note 16). For further detail on the accounting treatment of share options refer to Note 2 accounting policies.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**Note 20: Macarthur Minerals Limited - Options, RSUs and Warrants****a) Options**

Share option transactions issued under the Plans, the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are summarised below:

	2022		2021	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	5,035,000	\$0.27 (CAD\$0.25)	5,080,000	\$0.25 (CAD\$0.22)
Granted	500,000	\$0.85 (CAD\$0.80)	3,500,000	\$0.28 (CAD\$0.27)
Expired	(30,000)	\$0.19 (CAD\$0.20)	(2,020,000)	\$0.23 (CAD\$0.22)
Forfeited	(911,797)	\$0.21 (CAD\$0.20)	-	-
Exercised	(1,593,203)	\$0.20 (CAD\$0.19)	(1,525,000)	\$0.24 (CAD\$0.23)
Outstanding, end of year	3,000,000	\$0.28 (CAD\$0.26)	5,035,000	\$0.27 (CAD\$0.25)
Options exercisable, end of year	3,000,000	\$0.28 (CAD\$0.26)	5,035,000	\$0.27 (CAD\$0.25)

Share options under the Company's Plans outstanding at 31 March 2022 have the following exercise prices and expiry dates:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
500,000	AUD\$0.34	31 Dec 2022
500,000	AUD\$0.36	31 Dec 2022
500,000	AUD\$0.38	31 Dec 2022
500,000	CAD\$0.24	31 Dec 2022
500,000	CAD\$0.32	31 Dec 2022
500,000	CAD\$0.80	11 Dec 2022

During the year the Company's share price has ranged from CAD\$0.29 to CAD\$0.58. The weighted average remaining contractual life for the share options as at 31 March 2022 is 1.25 years. The weighted average value of options issued in the year is AUD\$0.42 (2021: \$0.15).

*During the year ended 31 March 2022*

- (i) On 11 June 2021, the Company granted 500,000 options to consultants. The options expire 1 year from the date of the offer.

*During the year ended 31 March 2021*

- (ii) On 28 May 2020, the Company granted 3,500,000 options to consultants. The options expire 3 years from the date of the offer.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

Options transactions with an Australian Dollar exercise price issued under the private placements and the number of options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are summarised as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	12,862,618	AUD\$0.88	-	-
Granted	-	-	12,862,618	AUD\$0.88
Expired	-	-	-	-
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Outstanding, end of year	12,862,618	AUD\$0.88	12,862,618	AUD\$0.88
Options exercisable, end of year	12,862,618	AUD\$0.88	12,862,618	AUD\$0.88

During the year ended 31 March 2022

- (i) No options were issued during the year.

During the year ended 31 March 2021

- (i) On 26 October 2020, as part of the private placements, the Company granted 5,137,382 Tranche 1 options. On 2 November 2020, after shareholder approval, the Company granted 6,225,236 Tranche 2 options. Both tranches have an exercise price of AUD\$0.90 and expire 2 years from issue date.
- (ii) On 12 November 2020, after shareholder approval, the Company issued CST Capital Pty Ltd, 1,500,000 unlisted options pursuant to the services agreement as part payment of the arranger fee for the establishment of the Equity Finance Facility. The options have an exercise price of AUD\$0.75 and expire on 12 November 2022.

**b) Restricted Share Units**

RSU transactions, the number of outstanding and their related weighted average vesting prices are summarised as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Number of RSUs	Weighted Average Vesting Price	Number of RSUs	Weighted Average Vesting Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	3,282,500	\$0.72 (CAD\$0.68)	4,726,471	\$0.52 (CAD\$0.45)
Granted	5,600,000	\$0.96 (CAD\$0.90)	3,282,500	\$0.72 (CAD\$0.68)
Vested	-	-	(2,937,500)	\$0.33 (CAD\$0.32)
Forfeited	(1,800,000)	\$0.90 (CAD\$0.84)	(612,500)	\$0.43 (CAD\$0.41)
Expired	-	-	(1,176,471)	\$0.84 (CAD\$0.80)
Outstanding, end of year	7,082,500	\$0.87 (CAD\$0.82)	3,282,500	\$0.72 (CAD\$0.68)

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

RSUs outstanding at 31 March 2022 are all exercisable and have the following vesting prices and expiry dates:

Number of RSUs	Vesting Price	Expiry Date
1,000,000	CAD\$0.65	8 Dec 2023
1,732,500	CAD\$0.70	19 Jan 2024
4,350,000	CAD\$0.90	11 Jun 2024

The weighted average remaining contractual life for the RSUs as at 31 March 2022 is 2.04 years. The weighted average value of RSUs issued in the year is \$0.22 (2021: \$0.72).

The following assumptions were used for the trinomial model valuation of RSUs granted during the year:

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
	<b>Weighted average</b>	<i>Weighted average</i>
Share price	<b>CAD \$0.44</b>	CAD \$0.68
Vesting/Exercise price	<b>CAD \$0.82</b>	CAD \$0.47
Risk-free interest rate	<b>0.32%</b>	0.18%
Expected life of RSU's	<b>2.04 years</b>	2.85 years
Annualized volatility	<b>95.00%</b>	110.22%
Dividend rate	<b>0%</b>	0%

*During the year ended 31 March 2022*

- (i) On 11 June 2021, a total of 5,500,000 restricted share units ("RSUs"), were granted to Directors as part of the executive consulting contracts entered into with the Company. The RSU's vest if the closing share price of the Company's shares on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than CAD\$0.90 for 20 consecutive trading days. The RSU's expire on 11 June 2024.
- (ii) On 11 June 2021, a total of 100,000 restricted share units ("RSUs"), were granted to Employees. The RSU's vest if the closing share price of the Company's shares on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than CAD\$0.90 for 20 consecutive trading days. The RSU's expire on 11 June 2024.

*During the year ended 31 March 2021*

- (i) On 8 December 2020, a total of 1,000,000 restricted share units ("RSUs"), were granted to Cameron McCall, Executive Chairman, and Joe Phillips, Managing Director as part of the executive consulting contracts entered into with the Company. The RSU's vest if the closing share price of the Company's shares on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than CAD\$0.65 for 20 consecutive trading days. The RSU's expire on 8 December 2023.
- (ii) On 19 January 2021, a total of 2,282,500 restricted share units ("RSUs"), were granted to employees and consultants, and Cameron McCall, Executive Chairman, Joe Phillips, Managing Director, Andrew Suckling, Non-Executive Director, and Alan Phillips, Non-Executive Director, Andrew Bruton, CEO and Mima Wirakara, Company Secretary as part of the executive consulting and employment contracts entered into with the Company. The RSU's vest if the closing share price of the Company's shares on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than CAD\$0.70 for 20 consecutive trading days. The RSU's expire on 19 January 2024.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**c) Warrants**

Warrant transactions and the number of warrants outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are summarised as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2022		Year ended 31 March 2021	
	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	25,777,188	\$0.55 (CAD\$0.52)	25,777,188	\$0.60 (CAD\$0.52)
Granted	-	-	-	-
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Expired	(17,129,763)	\$0.62 (CAD\$0.59)	-	-
Exercised	(4,546,150)	\$0.43 (CAD\$0.40)	-	-
Outstanding, end of year	4,101,275	\$0.43 (CAD\$0.40)	25,777,188	\$0.55 (CAD\$0.52)
Warrants exercisable, end of year	4,101,275	\$0.43 (CAD\$0.40)	25,777,188	\$0.55 (CAD\$0.52)

Warrants outstanding at 31 March 2022 have the following exercise prices and expiry dates:

Number of warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
3,029,375	CAD\$0.40	5 Aug 2022
867,291	CAD\$0.40	1 Oct 2022
204,609	CAD\$0.40	3 Nov 2022

The weighted average remaining contractual life for the warrants as at 31 March 2022 is 0.39 years. The weighted average value of warrants issued in the year is \$Nil (2021: \$Nil). No warrants have been exercised or expired since March 31, 2022.

*During the year ended 31 March 2022*

- (i) No warrants were issued during the year.
- (ii) 4,546,150 warrants were exercised.
- (iii) 17,129,763 warrants expired.

*During the year ended 31 March 2021*

- (i) No warrants were issue during the year.

**Note 21: Share Based Payments**

The Company measures the cost of share options at fair value at the grant date using the Trinomial formula, adjusted to reflect market vesting conditions, but excludes any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest, and the entity revises its estimate of options that are expected to vest at each reporting date.

The fair value calculated for options issued is expensed over their vesting period as share-based compensation and a corresponding amount is recorded to reserves. Refer to Note 20(a)(i) for details of options granted during the year.

The following assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes valuation of stock options granted during the year. During the year options were granted in both Australian dollars (AUD) and Canadian dollars (CAD). The weighted average assumptions used in the Black-Scholes valuation have been separated based on the currency of the share price and exercise price. In the prior year, options were granted with a CAD exercise price.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021	Year ended 31 March 2021
	<i>Weighted average</i>	<i>Weighted average</i>	<i>Weighted average</i>	<i>Weighted average</i>
Share price	<b>AUD\$0.44</b>	<b>CAD\$0.46</b>	AUD\$0.50	CAD\$0.18
Exercise price	<b>AUD\$0.83</b>	<b>CAD\$0.45</b>	AUD\$0.81	CAD\$0.24
Risk-free interest rate	<b>0.12%</b>	<b>0.11%</b>	0.13%	0.28%
Expected life of options	<b>0.60 years</b>	<b>0.68 years</b>	2.01 years	2.59 years
Annualized volatility	<b>181.07%</b>	<b>184.93%</b>	181.52%	152.76%
Dividend rate	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	0%	0%

The volatility measured at the standard deviation of continuously compounded share returns is based on statistical analysis of daily share prices over a commensurate period of time which approximates the expectations that would be reflected in a current market. The value of Share based payments during the year of \$563,035 (2021: \$706,812) was expensed to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

**Note 22: Related Parties****Interests in subsidiaries**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Macarthur Minerals Limited and the subsidiaries listed in the following table:

Name	Country of Incorporation	% Equity Interest	
		2022	2021
Esperance Iron Ore Export Company Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Macarthur Iron Ore Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Macarthur Minerals NT Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Macarthur Tulshyan Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Macarthur Marble Bar Lithium Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Macarthur Australia Limited	Australia	100	100
Macarthur Lithium Nevada Limited	U.S.A	100	100

The Company's equity interest in all subsidiaries is in direct holdings of ordinary shares. All subsidiaries operate from the Company's premises and have the same reporting date. There are no significant restrictions on the Company's ability to access or use assets, and settle liabilities, of the Group.

Balances and transactions between the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries have been eliminated upon consolidation. Macarthur Minerals Limited is the ultimate parent entity for all entities.

**Interests in Associates**

Interests in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Information relating to associates that are material (IML) to the consolidated entity are set out below:

Name	Principal place of business / Country of incorporation	Ownership interest	
		2022 %	2021 %
Infinity Mining Limited	Australia	20.74%	0%

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

*Transactions with associate*

The following transactions occurred with associate:

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Receipts for goods and services:		
Costs recoveries for services to associate	708,837	-

*Receivable from associate*

The following balances are owing at the reporting date in relation to transactions with associate:

Balance owed from associate at year end	128,561	-
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**Note 23: Key Management Personnel**

The following persons were key management personnel of the Company:

*Non-Executive Directors*

Cameron McCall, Chairman

Alan Phillips, Non-Executive Director

Andrew Suckling, Non-Executive Director (Independent)

Daniel Lanskey, Non-Executive Director (Independent) (resigned 27 October 2021)

*Other*

Andrew Bruton, CEO (retired 13 May 2022)

*Executive Directors*

Joe Phillips, Managing Director

*Details of Remuneration*

Refer to the Remuneration Report contained in the Director's Report for detail of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Group's Key Management Personnel.

**Note 24. Right of Use Asset****a. Variable Lease Payments**

The Group currently maintains a lease over its premises at 555 Coronation Drive, Toowong, Qld on a month to month basis. The Group also maintains an office in South Korea which is on a short-term basis which may be cancelled at any time.

**b. AASB 16 Related Amounts recognised in the Groups Financial Statements**

## i. Statement of Financial Position

Right-of-use asset	<b>31 March</b>	<b>31 March</b>
	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	\$	\$
Leased building*	<b>623,316</b>	431,527
Accumulated amortisation*	<b>(623,316)</b>	(173,809)
	-	257,718

\* Incorrect adjusting charge of \$191,789 was put through Leased buildings and corresponding adjustment was made to rectify in Accumulated amortisation account.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

## ii Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	\$	\$
Amortisation charge related to right-of-use asset	449,507	71,921
Interest expense on lease liabilities	3,785	17,354
Short-term lease expense	453,292	89,275

## iii Total Cash outflows

Interest expense	3,785	17,354
Principal payments	43,674	63,488
	47,459	80,842

Lease liabilities relating to the Right of Use asset are as follows:

**As at 31 March 2022**

		\$	\$	\$
		Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
Lease liabilities	5.45%	-	-	-

**As at 31 March 2021**

		\$	\$	\$
		Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
Lease liabilities	5.45%	(69,936)	(213,476)	(283,412)

**Note 25. Loans**

During February 2022, the Company entered into an unsecured loan arrangement with a third party for the amount of \$1,000,000 at an annualised percentage rate (APR) of 7.00% interest. The Company repaid this loan in April 2022.

**Note 26: Commitments****a) Exploration expenditures**

Certain future exploration expenditures are required to be undertaken by the Company as a minimum retention for exploration permits. These expenditures were set out in Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022. Apart from the above, the Company has no other material commitments at the reporting period date.

**Note 27: Contingent Liabilities****a) Security Bonds**

The Company has a contingent liability of \$56,626 for bank guarantees issued for office leasing arrangements in Brisbane and corporate credit cards. The \$100,000 bank guarantee in relation to the Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”) with Southern Ports Authority (“SPA”) was released in February 2022.

**b) Supreme Court Proceedings****LPD v. Macarthur and Ors. (“New Proceedings”)**

On 26 November 2013, the New Proceedings were stayed by consent pending payment of the indemnity costs of the dismissed Initial Proceedings and the appeal costs by LPD and Mayson. On 15 December 2021, LPD and Macarthur entered into a Settlement Agreement, to which LPD discontinued the New Proceedings against Macarthur and paid Macarthur costs of the New Proceedings fixed in the amount of \$75,000.

## MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

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### Note 28: Subsequent Events

#### a) *Private Placement*

On 31 March 2022, the Company announced a private placement (the “Offering or “Placement”) of A\$7.5 million with institutional and sophisticated investors with subscriptions totalling 15,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares (“New Shares”) at a price of A\$0.50 per share. For each New Share issued under the Placement one attaching option issued (“Option”). Each Option have an exercise price of A\$0.65 with an expiry date 24 months from the date of issuance. The Placement price per New Share represented a 0.1% premium to the 30-day volume weighted average price (“VWAP”) of the Company’s Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) listed shares to 28 March 2022. The New Shares rank equally with the Company’s existing ordinary shares. The Placement closed successfully on 5<sup>th</sup> April 2022.

MST Financial Services Pty Limited and EAS Advisors, LLC, acting through Odeon Capital Group LLC acted as Joint Lead Managers on the Placement received a Management & Selling Fee equal to 6% (six percent) of the gross proceeds raised under the Placement and a total of ASX 2,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at A\$0.65 expiring 2 years from the date of issue.

#### b) *CEO Retirement*

On 13 May 2022, the Company announced the retirement of the Chief Executive Officer, Andrew Bruton to which Joe Phillips once again assume the role of Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director. To support the transition, Cameron McCall moved to the role of Executive Chairman. The amount paid to Andrew Bruton upon his retirement as per his consultancy agreement was \$420,000.

#### c) *Exercise of options*

Subsequent to year end, the Company has issued a total of 500,000 options with 500,000 options exercised providing an additional C\$120,000 in cash.

#### d) *Independent Technical Report*

The NI 43-101 Technical Report for the Feasibility Study of the Company’s Lake Giles Iron Project, Menzies, Western Australia, was filed under the Company’s profile on SEDAR website at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

#### e) *Share Based Compensation*

Since year end and up to the date of this report, 500,000 performance-based options with an exercise price of A\$0.65 and expiring on 25 May 2022 were granted to consultants pursuant to the Company’s Omnibus Incentive Plan and 4,400,000 Bonus Shares were issued to Directors of the Company in accordance with Employee and Consultant Compensation Plans.

#### f) *New Office Lease*

In May 2022, the Company entered into a 3-year lease at Suite 1G, Building 1, Kings Row Office Park, 40 McDougall Street, MILTON QLD 4064, Australia.

### Note 29: Parent Information

The accounting policies of the parent entity, which have been applied in determining the financial information below, are the same as those applied in the consolidated financial statements.

Refer to Note 2 for a summary of the significant accounting policies relating to the Group.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022**

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**Statement of Financial Position**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>Restated 2021</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets	1,894,071	5,186,754
Non-Current Assets	38,404,611	34,453,766
Total Assets	<u>40,298,682</u>	<u>39,640,520</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Current Liabilities	2,064,296	5,337,230
Non-Current Liabilities	51,043	246,396
Total Liabilities	<u>2,115,339</u>	<u>5,583,626</u>
<b>EQUITY</b>		
Issued Capital	121,772,352	119,342,705
Retained Earnings	(83,979,368)	(85,031,542)
Reserves	390,359	(254,269)
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>	<u>38,183,343</u>	<u>34,056,894</u>

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>		
Profit/(loss) for the year	1,052,036	(10,712,409)
Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the year	<u>1,120,369</u>	<u>(9,859,077)</u>

**Guarantees**

The parent entity has entered into guarantees in relation to the debts of its subsidiary companies, and some of its subsidiary companies are party to a deed of cross guarantee under which each company guarantees the debts of the others. No deficiencies of assets exist in any of these subsidiaries.

**Contingent liabilities of the parent entity**

Contingent liabilities exist in relation to proceedings involving LPD Holdings (Aust) Pty Ltd ("LPD") and Chan, Chan and Kwok v. Macarthur Minerals Limited and Ors. ("FSDC Directors' Claim") the details of which are contained in Note 27.

**Contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment by the parent entity**

At 31 March 2022, Macarthur Minerals Limited has not entered into any contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment (2021: Nil).

**Note 30: Sale of interest in subsidiary**

In January 2022, Infinity Mining Limited ("IML") departed the Consolidated Group, as a result of a spinout of its Pilbara assets which following its own successful IPO on 19 November 2021 and were separately admitted to the Official list of ASX on 20 December 2021 and commenced trading on 22 December 2021 (ASX: IMI). The Group has a 20.74% interest in Infinity Mining Limited. Management has eliminated from the results the balances of items as disclosed below which were before IML departed the Group.

**Effect on Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss and other Comprehensive Income:**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Administrative expense/(income)	(55,814)	(102,954)
<b>Loss/(profit) for the year</b>	<u>(55,814)</u>	<u>(102,954)</u>

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**Effect on Consolidated Statement of Financial Position:**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Cash	(14,279)	6,616
Prepayments and other receivables	(135,315)	-
Exploration and evaluation assets	(112,601)	81,328
Plant and equipment	(3,924)	291
GST	(152,301)	6,959
Payables	439,687	(66,610)
Loans between related companies	310,905	(304,942)
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>332,172</b>	<b>(276,358)</b>
Share Capital	(493,227)	493,227
Reserves	769,585	-
Accumulated losses	55,814	(769,585)
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>332,172</b>	<b>(276,358)</b>

*Details of the disposal*

	<b>2022</b>
	<b>\$</b>
Total sale consideration*	4,512,484
Carrying amount of net assets disposed	332,172
Adjusting corrections	(316,739)
Gain on disposal before income tax	<u>4,527,917</u>

\*Market value of 22,562,422 IML shares at issue date.

**Note 31: Investment in an associate**

The Group has a 20.74% interest in Infinity Mining Limited (IML). The Group's interest in IML is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements. The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's investment in IML:

	<b>2022</b>
	<b>\$</b>
Current Assets	<b>8,314,888</b>
Non-Current Assets	<b>9,340,642</b>
Current Liabilities	<b>(140,029)</b>
Non-Current Liabilities	<b>(47,282)</b>
Equity	<u><b>17,468,219</b></u>
Group's share in equity – 20.74%	3,622,909
Fair value adjustment for remaining interest	(238,545)
<b>Group's carrying amount of the investment</b>	<u><b>3,384,364</b></u>
Other Income	1,133
Administrative expenses	(427,675)
Share based payments	(690,000)
Profit/(loss) for the year (continuing operations)	(1,116,542)
<b>Group's share of profit/(loss) for the year – 20.74%</b>	<u><b>(231,571)</b></u>

The associate had no contingent liabilities or capital commitments as at 31 March 2022.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

**Note 32: Remuneration of Auditors**

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors.		
RSM Australia Partners:		
Audit of the financial reports*	75,000	-
Other services	-	-
<i>* Included audit of half year accounts as per ASX requirements</i>	<u>75,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Nexia Brisbane:		
Audit of the financial reports*	-	66,500
Other services	-	5,982
<i>* Included audit of half year accounts as per ASX requirements</i>	<u>-</u>	<u>72,482</u>
Davidson & Company LLP:		
Audit of the financial reports in Canada	-	19,367
Other services	-	2,841
	<u>-</u>	<u>22,208</u>

**Note 33: Deed of Cross Guarantee**

The following entities are party to a deed of cross guarantee under which each company guarantees the debts of the others:

Macarthur Minerals Limited  
Macarthur Australia Limited  
Macarthur Iron Ore Pty Ltd

By entering into the deed, the wholly-owned entities have been relieved from the requirement to prepare financial statements and directors' reports under Corporations Instrument 2016/785 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

The above companies represent a 'Closed Group' for the purposes of the Corporations Instrument, and as there are no other parties to the deed of cross guarantee that are controlled by Macarthur Minerals Limited, they also represent the 'Extended Closed Group'.

There are no material differences between the amounts as per the consolidated group and the closed group.

**MACARTHUR MINERALS LIMITED**

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in Australian Dollars)

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**Macarthur Minerals Limited**

**Directors' declaration**

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of the Company, I declare that:

1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 22 to 63 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
  - (i) the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board as described in note 2 to the financial statements; and
  - (ii) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 March 2022 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the consolidated group; and
2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
3. at the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the members of the Extended Closed Group will be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are, or may become, subject by virtue of the deed of cross guarantee described in note 33 to the financial statements.

The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the board



Cameron McCall  
Chairman

Dated: 30 June 2022

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### **To the Members of Macarthur Minerals Limited**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Macarthur Minerals Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 March 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (iii) complying with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) and the ethical requirements of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code) and Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report.. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code and IESBA Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

#### **THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD**

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**Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed this matter
<p><b>Carrying Value of Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure</b></p> <p>Refer to Note 13 in the financial statements</p>	
<p>The Group has capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure with a carrying value of \$73,031,754 as at 31 March 2022.</p> <p>We determined this to be a key audit matter due to the significant management judgement involved in assessing the carrying value in accordance with AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Determination of whether expenditure can be associated with finding specific mineral resources, and the basis on which that expenditure is allocated to an area of interest;</li> <li>• Assessing whether any indicators of impairment are present and, if so, judgments applied to determine and quantify any impairment loss; and</li> <li>• Determination of whether exploration activities have progressed to the stage at which the existence of an economically recoverable mineral reserve may be determined.</li> </ul>	<p>Our audit procedures included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensuring that the right to tenure of the areas of interest was current through confirmation with the relevant government departments;</li> <li>• Agreeing a sample of the additions to capitalised exploration expenditure during the year to supporting documentation, and ensuring that the amounts were capitalised correctly;</li> <li>• Assessing and evaluating management's assessment that no indicators of impairment existed for those tenements where the Group has current rights of tenure;</li> <li>• Assessing and evaluating management's determination that exploration and evaluation activities have not yet reached a stage where the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves may be reasonably determined;</li> <li>• Enquiring with management and reviewing budgets and other documentation as evidence that active and significant operations in, or relation to, the area of interest will be continued in the future;</li> <li>• Through discussions with the Group's Directors, and review of the Group's ASX announcements and other relevant documentation, assessing management's determination that exploration activities have not yet progressed to the point where the existence or otherwise of an economically recoverable mineral resource may be determined; and</li> <li>• Assessing the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial report.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Equity Instruments (i.e. Share based payments and Options)</b></p> <p>Refer to Note 21 in the financial statements</p>	
<p>During the year the Group entered into a number of share based payments by way of issuing shares, options and restricted share units. The Group's accounting policy in respect of share based payments is outlined in Note 2.</p> <p>For the year ended 31 March 2022 the amount charged to profit or loss in respect of share based payments totalled \$727,625 (2021: \$3,126,271) and the amount credited to profit or loss in respect of fair value adjustments of warrants totalled \$4,509,641 (2021: \$4,716,233 debit)</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We obtained evidence of the terms and conditions of the share based payments;</li> <li>• We obtained evidence of, and tested the assumptions and calculations made by management to account for the payments; and</li> <li>• We assessed the adequacy of the relevant disclosures in the financial statements.</li> </ul>

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed this matter
<p>Accounting for share based payments is a key audit matter as it is material to the Group's financial statements, and significant judgement is applied in determining the fair value of share based payments.</p>	
<p><b>Accounting for Spin off Transaction (Infinite Mining Limited)</b></p>	
<p>Refer to Note 1 in the financial statements</p>	
<p>During the year Infinity Mining Limited ("IML") exited the Macarthur Minerals Consolidated Group and, for the period since exiting the Group until 31 March 2022 IML will be accounted for as an associate of Macarthur Minerals Group.</p> <p>IML, following its own successful IPO on 19 November 2021, was separately listed on the ASX on 20 December 2021.</p> <p>The fair value of the Group's investment in Infinity Mining Limited as at 31 March 2022 is \$3,384,363, representing its holding of 22,562,422 shares at market value at reporting date.</p> <p>Accounting for the spin off transaction is a key audit matter as it is material to the Group's financial statements.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain the trial balance for IML at the date of the spin off transaction;</li> <li>• Derecognise all assets and liabilities of the subsidiary at the date when control is lost;</li> <li>• Recognise fair value of consideration received for the transaction;</li> <li>• Recognise any resulting gain or loss in profit or loss attributable to the parent entity; and</li> <li>• Accounting for the remaining interest/investment in the associate using the equity method.</li> </ul>

### Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 March 2022 but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of those charged with governance's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Report on the Remuneration Report**

#### *Opinion on the Remuneration Report*

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 14 to 18 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2022.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Macarthur Minerals Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2022, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### *Responsibilities*

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and International Standards on Auditing.



**RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS**



**Albert Loots**  
Partner

Brisbane, Queensland  
Dated: 30 June 2022

**RSM Australia Partners**

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**AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Macarthur Minerals Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



**RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS**



**Albert Loots**  
Partner

Brisbane, Queensland  
Dated: 30 June 2022

## Corporate Governance

Macarthur's Board is committed to conducting the Company's business ethically and in accordance with high standards of corporate governance. In determining those standards, the Company supports the intent of the ASX Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition (Principles and Recommendations) and meets the specific requirements of the Principles and Recommendations during the reporting period, unless otherwise disclosed. The Company will continue to adapt its governance practices and make changes as appropriate, having regard to the nature and scale of the Company's business.

A full copy of the Corporate Governance Statement is available on the Company's website at [www.macarthurminerals.com](http://www.macarthurminerals.com). The practices reflect the Company's existing corporate governance policies and is current as at 30 June 2022.

## Additional ASX Information

Additional information required by the Australian Stock Exchange Ltd and not shown elsewhere in this report is current as at 24 June 2022.

### a) Distribution of equity securities

Analysis of numbers of equity security holders by size of holding:

Ordinary Shares		
	Number of holders	Number of shares
1 - 1,000	108	78,373
1,001 - 5,000	395	1,086,171
5,001 - 10,000	178	1,557,384
10,001 - 100,000	349	13,093,479
100,001 Over	107	149,838,081
	<b>1,137</b>	<b>165,653,488</b>

### b) Twenty largest shareholders

Many of the 20 largest shareholders shown below hold shares as a nominee or custodian. In accordance with the reporting requirements, the tables reflect the legal ownership of shares and not the details of the underlying beneficial holders.

The names of the twenty largest holders of quoted ordinary shares as of 24 June 2022, being the last practicable date are:

Name	Number of ordinary shares	% of issued capital
1 CANADIAN REGISTER CONTROLIC	76,328,871	46.08
2 HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED - A/C 2	5,921,928	3.57
3 ALEMAR DEVELOPMENTS PTY LTD	5,000,000	3.02
4 MERRILL LYNCH (AUSTRALIA) NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	4,011,505	2.42
5 EYEON INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <EYEON INVESTMENTS FAMILY A/C>	3,504,296	2.12
6 H & K SUPER MANAGEMENT PTY LTD <H & K SUPER FUND A/C>	3,430,934	2.07
7 BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD <DRP>	3,425,806	2.07
8 HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	3,317,100	2.00
9 FIRST APOLLO CAPITAL LIMITED	3,277,152	1.98
10 MR ALEXANDER JOHN PEDEN + MRS MARY LOUISA PEDEN	3,000,000	1.81
10 CS THIRD NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <HSBC CUST NOM AU LTD 13 A/C>	2,415,461	1.46
12 MR CAMERON HUGH MCCALL	1,811,821	1.09
13 SPACETIME PTY LTD <COPULOS EXEC S/F NO 1 A/C>	1,781,818	1.08
14 CELTIC CAPITAL PTY LTD <THE CELTIC CAPITAL A/C>	1,450,000	0.88
15 ORBIT DRILLING PTY LTD	1,295,174	0.78
16 SPEARHEAD STRATEGIC MARKETING PTY LTD <SPEARHEAD SUPER FUND A/C>	1,107,529	0.67
17 MR JOSEPHUS ANTONIO GROOT	1,000,000	0.60
18 BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD HUB24 CUSTODIAL SERV LTD <DRP A/C>	950,814	0.57
19 H & K SUPER MANAGEMENT PTY LTD <H & K SUPER FUND A/C>	850,802	0.51
20 COLOURDOME PTY LTD	818,182	0.49
<b>Top 20 holders</b>	<b>124,699,193</b>	<b>75.28</b>
<b>Total Remaining Holders Balance</b>	<b>40,954,295</b>	<b>24.72</b>

### c) Voting rights

All ordinary shares issued by the Company carry one vote per share without restriction.

#### d) Schedule of Tenements

The Company holds or has interests in the following properties:

Tenement Number	Area <sup>(1)</sup>		Application/Grant Date	Expiry Date	Holder	Project
<b>Yilgarn Projects</b>						
M30/0206	189	HA	14-Nov-18	01-Jul-28	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0207	171	HA	02-Jul-07	01-Jul-28	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0213	258	HA	02-Jul-07	12-Jun-32	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0214	260	HA	13-Jun-11	12-Jun-32	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0215	521	HA	13-Jun-11	12-Jun-32	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0216	55	HA	13-Jun-11	12-Jun-32	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0217	114	HA	13-Jun-11	12-Jun-32	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0227	504	HA	13-Jun-11	12-Jun-32	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0228	362	HA	13-Jun-11	01-Jul-28	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0229	205	HA	02-Jul-07	01-Jul-28	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0248	585	HA	02-Jul-07	21-Feb-33	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0249	1206	HA	22-Feb-12	21-Feb-33	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0250	102	HA	22-Feb-12	04-Mar-34	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0251	1246	HA	05-Mar-13	26-Nov-33	MIO	Lake Giles Project
M30/0252	478	HA	27-Nov-12	26-May-34	MIO	Lake Giles Project
L15/0409	97	HA	25-Jun-20	Under Application	MIO	Lake Giles Project
L16/0133	923	HA	25-Jun-20	Under Application	MIO	Lake Giles Project
L30/0071	1396	HA	27-May-13	27/10/2041	MIO	Lake Giles Project
L30/0089	23663	HA	26-Mar-21	Under Application	MIO	Lake Giles Project
L30/0090	43	HA	26-Mar-21	Under Application	MIO	Lake Giles Project
L30/0091	93	HA	26-Mar-21	Under Application	MIO	Lake Giles Project
L30/0092	31650	HA	26-Mar-21	Under Application	MIO	Lake Giles Project
L30/0093	74	HA	22-Jun-21	23/11/2042	MIO	Lake Giles Project
E30/522	28	SB	13-May-21	12-May-26	MIO	Lake Giles Project
E77/2542	12	SB	04-Feb-20	03-Feb-25	EIOEC	Mount Jackson Project
E77/2521	23	SB	24-Apr-18	Under Application	EIOEC	Mount Manning Project
<b>Pilbara Projects<sup>(4)</sup></b>						
E45/5324 <sup>(3)</sup>	4	SB	05-Apr-19	04-Apr-24	MLi <sup>(2)</sup>	Pilbara Project
E45/4735 <sup>(3)</sup>	5	SB	21-Nov-17	20-Nov-22	MLi <sup>(2)</sup>	Pilbara Project
<b>Nevada Projects</b>						
RVL 1 to 210	1700	HA		1-Sept-22	MLN	Nevada Lithium Project

(1) 1 sub-block (SB) = approx. 3.2km<sup>2</sup> in the Pilbara and 2.8km<sup>2</sup> in the Yilgarn.

(2) MLI was renamed to Infinity Mining Limited as of August 20, 2021.

(3) Beneficially owned by Macarthur Iron Ore Pty Ltd (MIO), subject to MLI (Infinity) Non-Iron Ore Rights, pursuant to the Tenements Sale and Non-Iron Ore Rights Agreement dated August 11, 2021.

(4) Pilbara Projects other than noted in item 3 above, owned by Infinity Mining Limited (formerly Macarthur Lithium Pty Ltd) exited the Macarthur Group on admission to the Official list of ASX on 20 December 2022.